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Date: November 30, 2022

TRANSMITTAL LETTER

To
The Shareholders,
Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies & Firms,
Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited and
Chittagong Stock Exchange Limited.

Subject: Annual Report for the year ended on June 30, 2022.

Dear Sir(s):

We are pleased to enclose a copy of the Annual Report of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited together with the Audited Financial Statements comprising of Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2022, Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on June 30, 2022 along with Notes thereon for your kind information and record.

Yours sincerely,

Sd/-**Md. Delour Hossen** Acting Company Secretary

NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the **THIRTY FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF APEX SPINNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED** will be held on Thursday, December 15, 2022 at 9.30 A.M. by using **digital platform** through link http://virtualagm.apexknitting.com (in pursuance with BSEC Order SEC/SRMIC/94-231/25 dated July 08, 2020) to transact the following businesses:

AGENDA

- 1. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended on 30 June 2022 and report of the Auditors' and Directors thereon.
- 2. To declare Dividend for the year 2021-2022.
- 3. To elect of Directors.
- 4. To appoint Statutory Auditors for the year 2022-2023 and fix their remuneration.
- 5. To appoint Compliance Auditors for the Certification on Corporate Governance Code for the year 2022-2023 and fix their remuneration.
- 6. To approve the imported Circular Knitting Machine from Germany as per meeting of the Board of Directors held on July 27, 2022.
- 7. To transact any other business of the Company, with permission of the Chair.

Place: Dhaka By order of the Board of Directors

Date: November 24, 2022

Sd/-Md. Delour Hossen Acting Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The Shareholders whose name appeared in the Register of Members of the Company or in the Depository on the "Record Date i.e. November 07, 2022" are eligible to attend in the Annual General Meeting and be entitled to the Dividend.
- 2. The detail login process and link of the online portal to attend the meeting will be communicated to the shareholders through email in due course and will be available at the company's Website at: http://www.apexknitting.com.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint only another member as proxy to attend and vote in his/her stead as per **para 99** of the Articles of Association of the Company.
- 4. Pursuant to the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission's (BSEC) Notification No.: BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/208/Admin/81 dated 20th June, 2018 the Annual Report 2021-22 of the Company shall be sent to the respective e-mail address of the shareholders mentioned in their Beneficiary Owner (BO) Accounts with the depository. In case of non-receipt of Annual Report 2021-2022 of the Company through e-mail, Shareholders may collect the same from the Registered Office of the Company. The Annual Report also be available at the Company's Website at: http://www.apexknitting.com.
- 5. In pursuance of BSEC's Notification No.: SEC/SRMI/2000-953/1950 dated October 24, 2000 gazette on November 07, 2000, the Company shall hold discussions in the Annual General Meeting strictly in conformity with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1994.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Managing Director : Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD
Director (Acting Chairman) : Mr. Shahriar Ahmed
Director : Mr. Mahir Ahmed
Director : Mr. Eifaz Ahmed
Director (ICB Representative) : Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah
Independent Director : Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chairman : Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader, Independent Director Member : Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD, Managing Director

Member : Mr. Shahriar Ahmed, Director Member : Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah, Director

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Chairman : Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader, Independent Director Member : Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD, Managing Director

Member : Mr. Shahriar Ahmed, Director

SENIOR CORPORATE OFFICIALS

Chief Financial Officer : Mr. Kamruzzaman FCA
Head of Internal Audit & Compliance : Mr. Md. Golam Kibria FCMA
Acting Company Secretary : Mr. Md. Delour Hossen

LEGAL ADVISORS

Abdur Razzaque & Associates Md. Shahjahan Khan

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Hussain Farhad & Co. Chartered Accountants

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE AUDITORS

M/s. Malek Siddiqui Wali Chartered Accountants

SCRUTINIZER OF AGM M/s. Malek Siddiqui Wali Chartered Accountants

BANKERS

Eastern Bank Limited Head Office 100 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212.

R.

The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd.

Dhaka Main Office, Bay's Park Height, Plot-2, Road # 9, Dhanmondi, Dhaka.

REGISTERED OFFICE FACTORY

SHANTA SKYMARK (Levels 8-13), 18 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212 Bangladesh. Ward #07, Holdings # D-81, Chandora P.S. Kaliakoir, Dist. Gazipur-1751 Bangladesh.

Five Years Statistics

Figure in Thousand Taka

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Results of Operations:					
Revenue	4,560,330	4,007,756	2,751,013	3,537,790	3,633,663
Gross Profit	271,542	260,014	222,226	287,345	289,542
Operating Profit	66,484	92,154	83,128	127,216	62,859
Profit before Tax	55,246	54,815	30,701	55,690	62,411
Net Profit after Tax	28,974	24,636	12,428	27,223	24,021
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	3.45	2.93	1.48	3.24	2.86
Dividend Per Share*	2.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00
Financial Positions:					
Total Assets	1,546,322	1,564,733	1,282,299	1,388,386	1,465,206
Property, Plant and Equipment-Gross	1,452,233	1,402,345	1,390,443	1,360,371	1,346,231
Property, Plant and Equipment - Net	215,457	197,031	216,155	224,142	250,992
Gross Working Capital	1,212,721	1,259,818	965,337	1,058,620	1,107,179
Net Working Capital	156,801	212,929	197,877	148,880	110,775
Working Capital Loan	47,109	-	24,261	38,524	57,911
Share Capital	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000
Share Premium Reserve and Surplus	15,000 371,770	15,000 359,597	15,000 347,560	15,000 351,247	15,000 339,632
Share Holders' Equity	490,402	469,516	456,778	468,919	462,423
Long Term Loan	52,340	118,126	81,116	400,919	-
Key Financial Ratios:	02,010	110,120	01,110		_
_					
Current Ratio	1.15	1.20	1.26	1.16	1.11
Debt to Total Assets (%)	68.29	69.99	64.38	66.23	68.54
Return on Equity (%)	5.91	5.25	2.72	5.81	5.19
Net Assets Value Per Share	58.38 0.19	55.89 26.43	54.38 0.66	55.08 20.94	55.05 (10.31)
Net Operating Cash FPS Dividend Payout Ratio (%)	57.97	26.43 68.26	101.35	61.73	69.94
Financial Charges Coverage ratio	4.16	2.20	1.42	1.65	1.77
Others:	4.10	2.20	1.72	1.00	1.77
Garoro.					
Market Price Per Share(30th June)	131.60	125.35	130.70	140.30	173.35
Price Earnings Multiple	38.14	42.78	88.31	43.30	60.62
Number of Employees	5,435	5,455	5,513	5,887	5,824
Capacity Utilization (%)	84.54	89.27	71.30	90.48	92.12

^{*} The Board of Directors recommended Cash Dividend @Tk. 2.00/- per share for the year ended on 30th June 2022.



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PHONE - 880-2-222283358, FAX 880-2-222261685
e-mail: askml@apexknitting.com, Web: www.apexknitting.com

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The audit committee of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Ltd is a sub-committee of the Board of Directors and appointed and authorized by the Board in pursuance of BSEC notification to review the activities of business.

The Audit committee of the company comprises of four Directors, nominated by the Board of Directors of the Company, headed by me, Kazi Faruq Kader, Independent Director. At present, the other members of the committee are, Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD, Mr. Shahriar Ahmed and Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah, ICB nominated Director.

The committee has worked closely with the company's financial term to ensure that the audit processes adopted in connection with the financial statements are deal with best practice. The committee was empowered to examine the matter related to financial and other affairs of the Company. This committee ensures a sound financial reporting system and updated information to the Board of Directors.

The committee normally meets in the next month of every quarter. During the year 2021-22, six Audit Committee meetings were held, the details of attendance of each member at the Audit Committee meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	Number of Audit Committee Meeting held	Attended
Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	6	6
Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	6	6
Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	6	6
Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah	6	4

During the year the Audit Committee review and carry out the following tasks:

- ✓ Oversee the financial reporting process.
- ✓ Monitor choice of accounting policies and principles.
- ✓ Monitor Internal Audit and Compliance process to ensure that it is adequately resourced, including approval of the Internal Audit and Compliance Plan and review of the Internal Audit and Compliance Report.
- ✓ Oversee hiring and performance of external auditors.
- ✓ Hold meeting with the external auditors for review the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- ✓ Review along with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- ✓ Review along with the management, the quarterly and half yearly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- ✓ Review the adequacy of internal audit function.
- ✓ Review the Management's discussions and analysis before disclosing in the Annual Report.
- ✓ Review statement of significant related party transactions submitted by the management.



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- ✓ Review Management Letters or Letter of Internal Control weakness issued by Statutory auditors.
- ✓ Oversee the determination of audit fees based on scope and magnitude, level of expertise deployed and time required for effective audit and evaluate the performance of external auditors
- ✓ Compliance of all applicable legal and regulatory rules and regulations.
- ✓ Various reports of operational activities and streamlined the operations of the Company.
- ✓ The committee reviewed the audit plan for the year 2021-2022 and oversees the performance of external auditors.
- ✓ Reviewed compliance of corporate governance guidelines issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Audit Committee is of the view that the internal control and procedures are adequate to present a true and fair view of the activities and financial status of the Company.

Place: Dhaka,

Dated: October 16, 2022

On behalf of the Audit Committee

Kazi Faruq Kader Chairman



SHANTA AL-KABIR SKYMARK, (LEVEL-8 To LEVEL-13), 18 GULSHAN AVENUE, DHAKA 1212. PHONE - 880-2-222283358, FAX 880-2-222261685
e-mail: askml@apexknitting.com, Web: www.apexknitting.com

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited is a sub-committee of the Board of Directors and appointed and authorized by the Board in pursuance of BSEC notification to assist the Board in formulation of the nomination criteria or policy for determining qualifications, positive attributes, experiences and independence of directors and top level executives.

The Board of Directors of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited has established the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of three members on 27th December, 2018, headed by me, Kazi Faruq Kader, Independent Director. The other members of the committee are, Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD and Mr. Shahriar Ahmed Directors of the company.

During the year 2021-22, one meeting of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held on 20th February, 2022, the details of attendance of each member at the NRC meetings are as follows:

Name of the Member	Position	Number of Meeting held	Attended
Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	Member	1	1
Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	Member	1	1

During the year the Nomination and Remuneration Committee oversee the following matters:

- ✓ The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate suitable directors to run the company successfully.
- ✓ The relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmark.
- Remuneration to directors, top level executive involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals.
- ✓ Devising a policy on Board's diversity taking into consideration age, gender, experience, ethnicity, educational background and nationality.
- ✓ Identifying person who may be appointed in top level executive position in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommended their appointment and removal to the Board.
- ✓ Formulating the criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the Board.
- ✓ Identifying the company's needs for employees at different levels and determine their selection, transfer or replacement and promotion criteria and.
- ✓ Developing, recommending and reviewing annually the company's human resources and training policies.



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e-mail: askml@apexknitting.com, Web: www.apexknitting.com

Appointment Criteria and qualifications:

The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, Senior management level and recommend to the board for appointment.

The NRC is responsible to ensure that the procedures for appointing new Directors are transparent. A combination of age, gender, experience, ethnicity, educational background, nationality and other relevant person attributes in the board is important in providing a range of perspectives, insights and challenges needed to support right decision making. Recruitment and selection processes for board members identify candidates with the most suitable skills, knowledge, experiences and personal values.

Evaluation:

The committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of independent Directors and the board. The NRC is responsible for ensuring the effectiveness of the board. The evaluation includes a review of the administration of the Board and its committees covering their operations, agenda, reports and information produced for consideration and relationship with Management.

Top level Executive Selection and Remuneration Policy:

The performance of the Company depends upon the quality of its Directors and Top Level Executives. To prosper, the Company must attract, motivate and retain highly skilled Directors and Executives.

The recruitment process for Top Level Executives:

The objective of remuneration policy is to secure that reward for Top Level Executives shall contribute to attracting, engaging and retaining the right employees to deliver sustainable value for shareholders.

Acknowledgement:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee expressed of sincere thanks to the Chairman and Members of the Board and Management for their support in carrying out its duties and responsibilities.

Place: Dhaka

Dated: October 16, 2022

On behalf of the Nomination and Remuneration

Committee

Kazi Faruq Kader Chairman

Annexure-A

MD & CFO's Declaration to the Board of Directors

Date: October 16, 2022

The Board of Directors
Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited
Shanta Sky Mark (Levels 8-13)
18 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan
Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh.

Subject: Declaration on Financial Statements for the year ended on June 30, 2022.

Dear Sirs,

Pursuant to the condition No. 1(5)(xxvi) imposed vide the Commission's Notification No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80 dated June 03, 2018 under section 2CC of the Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969, we do hereby declare that:

- (1) The Financial Statements of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited for the year ended on June 30, 2022 have been prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standards (IAS) or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in Bangladesh and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed:
- (2) The estimates and judgements related to the financial statements were made on a prudent and reasonable basis, in order for the financial statements to reveal a true and fair view;
- (3) The form and substance of transactions and the Company's state of affairs have been reasonably and fairly presented in its financial statements;
- (4) To ensure above, the Company has taken proper and adequate care in installing a system of internal control and maintenance of accounting records;
- (5) Our internal auditors have conducted periodic audits to provide reasonable assurance that the established policies and procedures of the Company were consistently followed; and
- (6) The management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and there exists no material uncertainty related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In this regard, we also certify that: -

- (i) We have reviewed the financial statements for the year ended on June 30, 2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - (a) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (b) these statements collectively present true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards and applicable laws.
- (ii) There are, to the best of knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the code of conduct for the company's Board of Directors or its members.

Sincerely yours,

Sd/-Zahur Ahmed PhD Managing Director Sd/-Kamruzzaman FCA Chief Financial Officer (CFO)



মালেক সিদ্দিকী ওয়ালী, চার্টার্ড একাউনটেন্টস

৯-জি, মতিঝিল বানিজ্যিক এলাকা, ঢাকা-১০০০

Malek Siddiqui Wali

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

9-G, Motijheel C/A, 2nd Floor, Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh.

Extension Office: Property Heights, 1st Floor

12, RK Mission Road, Dhaka - 1000.

PHONE: 9513471, 9569867 PABX: 9576118-9, 9576128

FAX: +88029516236

Email: wali@satcombd.com
Web: www.msw-bd.com

Report to the Shareholders of Apex Spinning and Knitting Mills Limited

On compliance on the Corporate Governance Code

We have examined the compliance status to the Corporate Governance Code by **Apex Spinning and Knitting Mills Limited** for the year ended on June 30, 2022. This Code relates to the Notification No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80 dated 3 June 2018 under section 2CC of the Bangladesh Security Exchange Commission.

In our compliance status checking, we find that the company has failed to comply with the condition 1(2)(a), 1(2)(e), 1(4)(c), 5(2)(b), 6(2)(b), 6(2)(i) and 6(5)(a) of above referred code.

Such compliance with the Corporate Governance Code is the responsibility of the Company. Our examination was limited to the procedures and implementation thereof as adopted by the Management in ensuring compliance to the conditions of the Corporate Governance Code.

This is a scrutiny and verification and independent audit on compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance Code as well as the provisions of relevant Bangladesh Secretarial Standards (BSS) as adopted by Institute of Chartered Secretaries of Bangladesh (ICSB) in so far as those standards are not inconsistent with any condition of this Corporate Governance Code.

We state that we have obtained all the information and explanations, which we have required, and after due scrutiny and verification thereof, we report that in our opinion:

- a) The Company has complied with the conditions of the Corporate Governance Code as stipulated in the above mentioned Corporate Governance Code issued by the Commission;
- b) The Company has complied with the provisions of the relevant Bangladesh Secretarial Standards (BSS) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries of Bangladesh (ICSB) as required by this Code;
- c) Proper books and records have been kept by the company as required under the Companies Act, 1994, the securities laws and other relevant laws; and
- d) The Governance of the company is highly satisfactory.

Place: Dhaka

Date: November 14, 2022

Malek Siddiqui Wali

Chartered Accountants

Md. Waliullah, FCA Managing Partner

Annexure-C

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OF BSEC'S NOTIFICATION ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Status of compliance with the conditions imposed by the Commission's Notification No. SEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80 dated 03 June 2018 Issued under section 2CC of the Securities and Exchange Ordinance, 1969:

(Report under Condition No. 9)

Condition No.	(Report under Condition No. 9) Title	(Put √ appropriat		Remarks (if any)
		Complied	complied	
1.	Board of Directors			
1(1)	Board 's Size shall not be less than 5 and more than 20	✓		
1(2) 1(2)(a)	Independent Directors Independent Director(s) - at least one fifth (1/5) of the total number of directors.		~	The independent director is getting remuneration from the company, during the year his gross remuneration was TK. 600,000/-
1(2)(b)(i)	Independent director does not hold any share or holds less than one percent (1%) shares of total paid up capital.	✓		
1(2)(b)(ii)	Independent director is not a sponsor of the company or is not connected with the company's any sponsor or director or nominated director or shareholder of the company or any of its associates, sister concerns, subsidiaries and parents or holding entities who holds one percent (1%) or more shares of the total paid-up shares of the company on the basis of family relationship and his or her family members also shall not hold above mentioned shares in the company.	✓		
1(2)(b)(iii)	Independent director has not been an executive of the company in immediately preceding 2 (two) financial years.	✓		
1(2)(b)(iv)	Independent director does not have any other relationship, whether pecuniary or otherwise, with the company or its subsidiary or associated companies.	✓		
1(2)(b)(v)	Independent director is not member or TREC holder, director or officer of any stock exchange.	✓		
1(2)(b)(vi)	Independent director is not a shareholder, director excepting independent director or officer of any member or TREC holder of stock exchange or an intermediary of the capital market.	✓		
1(2)(b)(vii)	Independent director is not a partner or an executive or was not a partner or an executive during the preceding 3 (three) years of the concerned company's statutory audit firm or audit firm engaged in internal audit services or audit firm conducting special audit or professional certifying compliance of this Code.	✓		
1(2)(b)(viii)	Independent director is not independent director in more than 5 (five) listed companies.	✓		
1(2)(b)(ix)	Independent director has not been convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction as a defaulter in payment of any loan or any advance to a bank or a Non-Bank Financial Institution (NBFI).	✓		
1(2)(b)(x)	Independent director has not been convicted for a criminal offence involving moral turpitude.	✓		
1(2)(c)	The independent director(s) shall be appointed by the Board and approved by the Shareholders in the AGM.	✓		
1(2)(d)	The post of independent director(s) cannot remain vacant for more than 90 days.	✓		

		Compliar	nce Status	2021-2022
Condition No.	Title	appropriate column) (if	Remarks (if any)	
		Complied	Not complied	
1(2)(e)	The tenure of office of an Independent Directors shall be for a period of 3 (three) years which may be extended for 1 (one) tenure only.	*		
1(3)	Qualification of Independent Director			
1(3)(a)	Independent Director shall be a knowledgeable individual with integrity who is able to ensure compliance with financial, regulatory and corporate laws and can make meaningful contribution to business.	✓		
1(3)(b)(i)	Business Leader who is or was a promoter or director of an unlisted company having minimum paid-up capital of Tk. 100.00 million or any listed company or a member of any national or international chamber of commerce or business association.	✓		
1(3)(b)(ii)	Corporate Leader who is or was a top level executive not lower than Chief Executive Officer or Managing Director or Deputy Managing Director or Chief Financial Officer or Head of Finance or Accounts or Company Secretary or Head of Internal Audit and Compliance or Head of Legal Service or a candidate with equivalent position of an unlisted company having minimum paid up capital of Tk. 100.00 million or of a listed company.	*		
1(3)(b)(iii)	Former official of government or statutory or autonomous or regulatory body in the position not below 5th Grade of the national pay scale, who has at least educational background of bachelor degree in economics or commerce or business or law.	*		
1(3)(b)(iv)	University Teacher who has educational background in Economics or Commerce or Business Studies or Law.		✓	No Need to Comply
1(3)(b)(v)	Professional who is or was an advocate practicing at least in the High Court Division of Bangladesh Supreme Court or a Chartered Accountant or Cost and Management Accountant or Chartered Financial Analyst or Chartered Certified Accountant or Certified Public Accountant or Chartered Management Accountant or Chartered Secretary or equivalent qualification.		✓	No Need to Comply
1(3)(c)	The independent director shall have at least 10 (ten) years of experiences in any field mentioned in clause (b).	✓		
1(3)(d)	In special cases, the above qualifications or experiences may be relaxed subject to prior approval of the Commission.			Not Applicable
1(4)	Duality of Chairperson of the Board of Directors and Managin	g Director o	or Chief Exe	ecutive Officer
1(4)(a)	The positions of the Chairperson of the Board and the Managing Director (MD) and/or Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the company shall be filled by different individuals.	✓		
1(4)(b)	The Managing Director (MD) and/or Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of a listed company shall not hold the same position in another listed company.	✓		
1(4)(c)	The Chairperson of the Board shall be elected from among the non-executive directors of the company.		✓	
1(4)(d)	The Board shall clearly define respective roles and responsibilities of the Chairperson and the Managing Director and/or Chief Executive Officer.	✓		
1(4)(e)	In the absence of the Chairperson of the Board, the remaining members may elect one of themselves from non-executive directors as Chairperson for that particular Board's meeting; the reason of absence of the regular Chairperson shall be duly recorded in the minutes.			No such incident was occurred during this year.
1(5)	The Directors' Report to Shareholders			
1(5)(i) 1(5)(ii)	An industry outlook and possible future developments in the industry. The Segment-wise or product-wise performance.	√		

Condition No.	Title	(Put √	e column)	Remarks (if any)
		Complied	Not complied	
1(5)(iii)	Risks and concerns including internal and external risk factors, threat to sustainability and negative impact on environment, if any.	✓		Detail discussion are given in Directors analysis.
1(5)(iv)	A discussion on Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit Margin and Net Profit Margin, where applicable.	✓		
1(5)(v)	A discussion on continuity of any extraordinary activities and their implications (gain or loss).			No extraordinary gain or loss arisen during this accounting year.
1(5)(vi)	A detailed discussion on related party transactions along with a statement showing amount, nature of related party, nature of transactions and basis of transactions of all related party transactions.	✓		
1(5)(vii)	A statement of utilization of proceeds raised through public issues, rights issues and/or any other instruments.			No such incident was occurred
1(5)(viii)	An explanation if the financial results deteriorate after the company goes for Initial Public Offering (IPO), Repeat Public Offering (RPO), Rights Share Offer, Direct Listing, etc.			during the year.
1(5)(ix)	An explanation on any significant variance that occurs between Quarterly Financial performances and Annual Financial Statements.	✓		No explanation is given in the Annual Report
1(5)(x)	A statement of remuneration paid to the directors including independent directors.	✓		
1(5)(xi)	A statement that the financial statements prepared by the management of the issuer company present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.	✓		
1(5)(xii)	A statement that proper books of account of the issuer company have been maintained.	✓		
1(5)(xiii)	A statement that appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and that the accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.	✓		
1(5)(xiv)	A statement that International Accounting Standards (IAS) or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as applicable in Bangladesh, have been followed in preparation of the financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.	√		
1(5)(xv)	A statement that the system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.	✓		
1(5)(xvi)	A statement that minority shareholders have been protected from abusive actions by, or in the interest of, controlling shareholders acting either directly or indirectly and have effective means of redress.		~	No such incident was occurred during the year
1(5)(xvii)	A statement that there is no significant doubt upon the issuer company's ability to continue as a going concern, if the issuer company is not considered to be a going concern, the fact along with reasons there of shall be disclosed.	✓		
1(5)(xviii)	An explanation that significant deviations from the last year's operating results of the issuer company shall be highlighted and the reasons thereof shall be explained.	✓		
1(5)(xix)	A statement where key operating and financial data of at least preceding 5 (five) years shall be summarized.	√		
1(5)(xx)	An explanation on the reasons if the issuer company has not declared dividend (cash or stock) for the year.			Board of directors recommend 20%
1(5)(xxi)	Board's statement to the effect that no bonus share or stock dividend has been or shall be declared as interim dividend.			cash dividend for this accounting year

APEX SPINNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED Annual Report 2021-2022

Condition No.	Title	(Put √	e column)	Remarks (if any)
		Complied	Not complied	
1(5)(xxii)	The total number of Board meetings held during the year and attendance by each director.	✓		
1(5)(xxiii)	A report on the pattern of shareholding disclosing the aggregate details where stated below) held by:	e number of	shares (al	ong with name-wise
1(5)(xxiii)(a)	Parent or Subsidiary or Associated Companies and other related parties (name-wise details).	✓		
1(5)(xxiii)(b)	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit and Compliance and their spouses and minor children (name-wise details).	√		
1(5)(xxiii)(c)	Shareholding pattern of Executives.	✓		
1(5)(xxiii)(d)	Shareholders holding ten percent (10%) or more voting interest in the company (name-wise details).	✓		
1(5)(xxiv)	In case of appointment or re-appointment of a Director, a disc Shareholders:	closure on t	he following	g information to the
1(5)(xxiv)(a)	A brief resume of the director.	✓		
1(5)(xxiv)(b)	Nature of his or her expertise in specific functional areas.	✓		
1(5)(xxiv)(c)	Names of companies in which the person also holds the directorship and the membership of committees of the board.	✓		
1(5)(xxv)	A Management's Discussion and Analysis signed by CEO of company's position and operations along with a brief discussion among others, focusing on:			
1(5)(xxv)(a)	Accounting policies and estimation for preparation of financial statements.	✓		
1(5)(xxv)(b)	Changes in accounting policies and estimation, if any, clearly describing the effect on financial performance or results and financial position as well as cash flows in absolute figure for such changes.			No changes were made in accounting policies and estimations.
1(5)(xxv)(c)	Comparative analysis (including effects of inflation) of financial performance or results and financial position as well as cash flows for current financial year with immediate preceding five years explaining reasons thereof.	1		
1(5)(xxv)(d)	Compare such financial performance or results and financial position as well as cash flows with the peer industry scenario.	✓		
1(5)(xxv)(e)	Briefly explain the financial and economic scenario of the country and the globe.	✓		
1(5)(xxv)(f)	Risks and concerns issues related to the financial statements, explaining such risk and concerns mitigation plan of the company.	✓		
1(5)(xxv)(g)	Future plan or projection or forecast for company's operation, performance and financial position, with justification thereof, i.e., actual position shall be explained to the shareholders in the next AGM.	1		
1(5)(xxvi)	Declaration or certification by the CEO and the CFO to the Board as required under condition No. 3(3) shall be disclosed as per Annexure-A.	✓		
1(5)(xxvii)	The report as well as certificate regarding compliance of conditions of this Code as required under condition No. 9 shall be disclosed as per Annexure-B and Annexure-C.	√		

Condition	Title	Compliance Status Title (Put √ in the Rem	Remarks	
No.	Title		in the e column)	(if any)
		Complied	Not complied	
1(6)	The company shall conduct its Board meetings and record the minutes of the meetings as well as keep required books and records in line with the provisions of the relevant Bangladesh Secretarial Standards (BSS) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries of Bangladesh (ICSB) in so far as those standards are not inconsistent with any condition of this Code.	√		
1(7)	Code of Conduct for the Chairperson, other Board member	s and Chie	f Executiv	e Officer
1(7)(a)	The Board shall lay down a code of conduct, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) at condition No. 6, for the Chairperson of the Board, other board members and Chief Executive Officer of the company.	✓		
1(7)(b)	The code of conduct as determined by the NRC shall be posted on the website of the company including, among others, prudent conduct and behavior; confidentiality; conflict of interest; compliance with laws, rules and regulations; prohibition of insider trading; relationship with environment, employees, customers and suppliers; and independency.	✓		
2.	Governance of Board of Directors of Subsidiary Company:			T
2(a)	Provisions relating to the composition of the Board of the holding company shall be made applicable to the composition of the Board of the subsidiary company.			
2(b)	At least 1 (one) independent director on the Board of the holding company shall be a director on the Board of the subsidiary company.			
2(c)	The minutes of the Board meeting of the subsidiary company shall be placed for review at the following Board meeting of the holding company.			Entity don't have any subsidiary company.
2(d)	The minutes of the respective Board meeting of the holding company shall state that they have reviewed the affairs of the subsidiary company also.			
2(e)	The Audit Committee of the holding company shall also review the financial statements, in particular the investments made by the subsidiary company.			
3.	Managing Director (MD) or Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Internal Audit and Compliance (HIAC) and Company Secret		ncial Offic	er (CFO), Head of
3(1)	Appointment			
3(1)(a)	The Board shall appoint a Managing Director (MD) or Chief Executive Officer (CEO), a Company Secretary (CS), a Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and a Head of Internal Audit and Compliance (HIAC).	✓		
3(1)(b)	The positions of the Managing Director (MD) or Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Company Secretary (CS), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Head of Internal Audit and Compliance (HIAC) shall be filled by different individuals.	✓		
3(1)(c)	The MD or CEO, CS, CFO and HIAC of a listed company shall not hold any executive position in any other company at the same time.	✓		
3(1)(d)	The Board shall clearly define respective roles, responsibilities and duties of the CFO, the HIAC and the CS.	✓		
3(1)(e)	The MD or CEO, CS, CFO and HIAC shall not be removed from their position without approval of the Board as well as immediate dissemination to the Commission and stock exchange(s).			No such incident was observed.

Condition	Title	Compliar	ce Status	Domorko
No.	litie	(Put √ appropriat		Remarks (if any)
		Complied	Not	
3(2)	Requirement to attend Board of Directors' Meetings	-	complied	
O(2)	The MD or CEO, CS, CFO and HIAC of the company shall	√		
	attend the meetings of the Board.	,		
3(3)	Duties of Managing Director (MD) or Chief Executive Off (CFO)	icer (CEO)	and Chief	Financial Officer
3(3)(a)	The MD or CEO and CFO shall certify to the Board that they have reviewed financial statements for the year and that to the best of their knowledge and belief:	✓		
3(3)(a)(i)	These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading; and	✓		
3(3)(a)(ii)	These statements together present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards and applicable laws;	√		
3(3)(b)	The MD or CEO and CFO shall also certify that there are, to the best of knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the code of conduct for the company's Board or its members;	~		
3(3)(c)	The certification of the MD or CEO and CFO shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.	✓		
4.	Board of Directors' Committee			
	For ensuring good governance in the company, the Board shall have at least following subcommittees:			
4(i)	Audit Committee; and	√		
4(ii)	Nomination and Remuneration Committee.	✓		
5.	Audit Committee			
5(1)	Responsibility to the Board of Directors	✓		
5(1)(a) 5(1)(b)	Audit Committee as a sub-committee of the Board. The Audit Committee shall assist the Board in ensuring that the financial statements reflect true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and in ensuring a good monitoring system within the business;	✓		
5(1)(c)	The Audit Committee shall be responsible to the Board; the duties of the Audit Committee shall be clearly set forth in writing.	√		
5.2	Constitution of the Audit Committee			
5(2)(a)	The Audit Committee shall be composed of at least 3 (three) members.	✓		
5(2)(b)	The Board shall appoint members of the Audit Committee who shall be nonexecutive directors of the company excepting Chairperson of the Board and shall include at least 1 (one) independent director;		√	Please see the note number 36 of audited financial statements.
5(2)(c)	All members of the audit committee should be "financially literate" and at least 1(one) member shall have accounting or related financial management background and 10 (ten) years of such experience;	√		
5(2)(d)	Casual Vacancy of the Audit Committee fill up immediately or not later than 1 (one) month from the date of vacancy.			No such incident was occurred
5(2)(e)	The company secretary shall act as the secretary of the Committee.	✓		
5(2)(f)	The quorum of the Audit Committee meeting shall not constitute without at least 1 (one) independent director.			No such incident was occurred.
5.3	Chairperson of the Audit Committee			
5.3	Chairperson of the Augit Committee			

	INNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED	Compliar	nce Status	
Condition No.	Title	(Put √ in the appropriate column)		Remarks (if any)
110.			Not	(ii airy)
		Complied	complied	
5(3)(a)	The Board shall select 1 (one) member of the Audit Committee to be Chairperson of the Audit Committee, who shall be an independent director;	✓		The independent director is getting remuneration from the company, during the year his gross remuneration was TK. 600,000. According to the Particulars of Directors, Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader is ID of the company.
5(3)(b)	In the absence of the Chairperson of the Audit Committee, the remaining members may elect one of themselves as Chairperson for that particular meeting, in that case there shall be no problem of constituting a quorum as required under condition No. 5(4)(b) and the reason of absence of the regular Chairperson shall be duly recorded in the minutes.			No such incident was occurred.
5(3)(c)	Chairperson of the Audit Committee shall remain present in the Annual General Meeting (AGM)	✓		
5.4	Meeting of the Audit Committee			
5(4)(a)	The Audit Committee shall conduct at least its four meetings in a financial year:	✓		
5(4)(b)	The quorum of the meeting of the Audit Committee shall be constituted in presence of either two members or two third of the members of the Audit Committee, whichever is higher, where presence of an independent director is a must.			No such incident was occurred.
5.5	Role of Audit Committee			
5(5)(a)	Oversee the financial reporting process	✓		
5(5)(b)	Monitor choice of accounting policies and principles	✓		
5(5)(c)	Monitor Internal Audit and Compliance process to ensure that it is adequately resourced, including approval of the Internal Audit and Compliance Plan and review of the Internal Audit and Compliance Report;	√		
5(5)(d)	Oversee hiring and performance of external auditors	✓		
5(5)(e)	Hold meeting with the external or statutory auditors for review of the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval or adoption;	✓		
5(5)(f)	Review along with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the board for approval	✓		
5(5)(g)	Review along with the management, the quarterly and half yearly financial statements before submission to the board for approval	✓		
5(5)(h)	Review the adequacy of internal audit function	✓		
5(5)(i)	Review the Management's Discussion and Analysis before disclosing in the Annual Report;	✓		
5(5)(j)	Review statement of all related party transactions submitted by the management	✓		
5(5)(k)	Review Management Letters or Letter of Internal Control weakness issued by statutory auditors	✓		
5(5)(I)	Oversee the determination of audit fees based on scope and magnitude, level of expertise deployed and time required for effective audit and evaluate the performance of external auditors;	✓		

APEX SP	INNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED	Annual Report		
Condition No.	Title	Compliance Status (Put √ in the appropriate column)		Remarks (if any)
1		Complied	Not complied	
5(5)(m)	Oversee whether the proceeds raised through Initial Public Offering (IPO) or Repeat Public Offering (RPO) or Rights Share Offer have been utilized as per the purposes stated in relevant offer document or prospectus approved by the Commission:			No such incident was taken place during this accounting year.
5(6)	Reporting of the Audit Committee			
5(6)(a)	Reporting to the Board of Directors			
5(6)(a)(i)	The Audit Committee shall report on its activities to the Board	✓		
	·			
5(6)(a)(ii)	The Audit Committee shall immediately report to the Board on the	following fin	dings, if any 	/:
5(6)(a)(ii)(a)	Report on conflicts of interest			
5(6)(a)(ii)(b)	Suspected or presumed fraud or irregularity or material defect identified in the internal audit and compliance process or in the financial statements;			
5(6)(a)(ii)(c)	Suspected infringement of laws, regulatory compliances including securities related laws, rules and regulations;			
5(6)(a)(ii)(d)	Any other matter which the Audit Committee deems necessary shall be disclosed to the Board immediately;			
	Reporting to the Authorities			No such incident
5(6)(b)	If any report which has material impact on the financial condition and results of operation and which has discussed with the Board and the management that any rectification is necessary and if the Audit Committee finds that such rectification has been unreasonably ignored, the Audit Committee shall report such finding to the Commission, upon reporting of such matters to the Board for three times or completion of a period of 6 (six) months from the date of first reporting to the Board, whichever is earlier.			was occurred to report.
5(7)	Reporting to the Shareholders and General Investors Report on activities carried out by the Audit Committee, including any report made to the Board under condition No. 5(6)(a)(ii) above during the year, shall be signed by the Chairperson of the Audit Committee and disclosed in the annual report of the issuer company.			
6.	Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC)			
6(1)	Responsibility to the Board of Directors			
6(1)(a)	The company shall have a Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) as a subcommittee of the Board;	✓		
6(1)(b)	The NRC shall assist the Board in formulation of the nomination criteria or policy for determining qualifications, positive attributes, experiences and independence of directors and top level executive as well as a policy for formal process of considering remuneration of directors, top level executive;	√		
6(1)(c)	The Terms of Reference (ToR) of the NRC shall be clearly set forth in writing covering the areas stated at the condition No. 6(5)(b).	✓		
6(2)	Constitution of the NRC			
6(2)(a)	The Committee shall comprise of at least three members including an independent director;	✓		
		l	l	l .

Condition No.	n Title		nce Status in the e column)	Remarks (if any)
			Not complied	
6(2)(b)	All members of the Committee shall be non-executive directors;		*	Please see the note number 36 of audited financial statements.
6(2)(c)	Members of the Committee shall be nominated and appointed by the Board;	✓		
6(2)(d)	The Board shall have authority to remove and appoint any member of the Committee;	✓		
6(2)(e)	In case of death, resignation, disqualification, or removal of any member of the Committee or in any other cases of vacancies, the board shall fill the vacancy within 180 (one hundred eighty) days of occurring such vacancy in the Committee;			No such incident was occurred during this accounting year.
6(2)(f)	The Chairperson of the Committee may appoint or co-opt any external expert and/or member(s) of staff to the Committee as advisor who shall be non-voting member, if the Chairperson feels that advice or suggestion from such external expert and/or member(s) of staff shall be required or valuable for the Committee;			No such incident was occurred during this accounting year.
6(2)(g)	The company secretary shall act as the secretary of the Committee;	✓		
6(2)(h)	The quorum of the NRC meeting shall not constitute without attendance of at least an independent director;			No such incident was occurred
6(2)(i)	No member of the NRC shall receive, either directly or indirectly, any remuneration for any advisory or consultancy role or otherwise, other than Director's fees or honorarium from the company.		*	Detail of remuneration are given in the note 36 of annual financial statements
6(3)	Chairperson of the NRC			otatomonio
6(3)(a)	The Board shall select 1 (one) member of the NRC to be Chairperson of the Committee, who shall be an independent director;	√		The independent director is getting remuneration from the company, during the year his gross remuneration was TK. 600,000. According to the Particulars of Directors, Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader is ID of the company
6(3)(b)	In the absence of the Chairperson of the NRC, the remaining members may elect one of themselves as Chairperson for that particular meeting, the reason of absence of the regular Chairperson shall be duly recorded in the minutes;			No such incident was occurred during the accounting year.
6(3)(c)	The Chairperson of the NRC shall attend the annual general meeting (AGM) to answer the queries of the shareholders:	√		
6(4)	Meeting of the NRC			
6(4)(a) 6(4)(b)	The NRC shall conduct at least one meeting in a financial year; The Chairperson of the NRC may convene any emergency meeting upon request by any member of the NRC;	√		No such incident was occurred during the accounting year.
6(4)(c)	The quorum of the meeting of the NRC shall be constituted in presence of either two members or two third of the members of the Committee, whichever is higher, where presence of an independent director is must as required under condition No. 6(2)(h);	√		accounting year.

Condition No.	Title	Compliar (Put √	nce Status in the e column)	Remarks (if any)
		Complied	Not complied	
6(4)(d)	The proceedings of each meeting of the NRC shall duly be recorded in the minutes and such minutes shall be confirmed in the next meeting of the NRC.	√		
6(5)	Role of the NRC	l		
6(5)(a)	NRC shall be independent and responsible or accountable to the Board and to the shareholders;		✓	
6(5)(b)	NRC shall oversee, among others, the following matters and make	report with	recommend	lation to the Board:
6(5)(b)(i)	Formulating the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend a policy to the Board, relating to the remuneration of the directors, top level executive, considering the following:	√		
6(5)(b)(i)(a)	The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate suitable directors to run the company successfully;	✓		
6(5)(b)(i)(b)	The relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks;	✓		
6(5)(b)(i)(c)	Remuneration to directors, top level executive involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the company and its goals;	~		
6(5)(b)(ii)	Devising a policy on Board's diversity taking into consideration age, gender, experience, ethnicity, educational background and nationality;	✓		
6(5)(b)(iii)	Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in top level executive position in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend their appointment and removal to the Board;	√		
6(5)(b)(iv)	Formulating the criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the Board;	✓		
6(5)(b)(v)	Identifying the company's needs for employees at different levels and determine their selection, transfer or replacement and promotion criteria;	✓		
6(5)(b)(vi)	Developing, recommending and reviewing annually the company's human resources and training policies;	✓		
6(5)(c)	The company shall disclose the nomination and remuneration policy and the evaluation criteria and activities of NRC during the year at a glance in its annual report.	✓		
7.	External or Statutory Auditors			
7(1)	The issuer company shall not engage its external or statutory audicompany, namely:		rm the follow	ving services of the
7(1)(i) 7(1)(ii)	Appraisal or valuation services or fairness opinions; Financial information systems design and implementation;	✓ ✓		
7(1)(iii)	Book-keeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements;	✓		
7(1)(iv)	Broker – dealer services	✓		
7(1)(v)	Actuarial services	✓		
7(1)(vi) 7(1)(vii)	Internal audit services or special audit services; Any service that the Audit Committee determines;	✓		
7(1)(viii)	Audit or certification services on compliance of corporate governance as required under condition No. 9(1);	✓		
7(1)(ix)	Any other service that creates conflict of interest.	✓		
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Condition	Title	Compliance Status (Put √ in the appropriate column)		Remarks (if any)
140.		Complied	Not complied	(ii aiiy)
7(2)	No partner or employees of the external audit firms shall possess any share of the company they audit at least during the tenure of their audit assignment of that company; his or her family members also shall not hold any shares in the said company	~		
7(3)	Representative of external or statutory auditors shall remain present in the Shareholders' Meeting (Annual General Meeting or Extraordinary General Meeting) to answer the queries of the shareholders.	✓		
8.	Maintaining a website by the Company			
8(1)	The company shall have an official website linked with the website of the stock exchange.	✓		
8(2)	The company shall keep the website functional from the date of listing.	√		
8(3)	The company shall make available the detailed disclosures on its website as required under the listing regulations of the concerned stock exchange(s).	✓		
9.	Reporting and Compliance of Corporate Governance			
9(1)	The company shall obtain a certificate from a practicing Professional Accountant or Secretary (Chartered Accountant or Cost and Management Accountant or Chartered Secretary) other than its statutory auditors or audit firm on yearly basis regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance Code of the Commission and shall such certificate shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.	✓		
9(2)	The professional who will provide the certificate on compliance of this Corporate Governance Code shall be appointed by the shareholders in the annual general meeting.	✓		
9(3)	The directors of the company shall state, in accordance with the Annexure-Attached, in the directors' report whether the company has complied with these conditions or not.	✓		

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

1. Introduction:

The Dividend Distribution Policy prescribes a set of principles/guidelines in relation to declaration and payment of dividend and matters incidental thereto or connected therewith. The said policy has formulated for ensuring the proper distribution of declared dividend to the shareholders of the company.

This policy has been prepared pursuant to the Directive dated 14th January 2021 bearing reference No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2021-386/03 issued by the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC). In accordance with the BSEC Directive dated 7th March 2021 bearing reference No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2021-388/07 compliance under the Directive dated 14th January 2021 will commence from 1st July 2021 and also prepared in accordance with its Articles of Association and applicable laws of the land.

2. Procedure for Declaration of Dividend:

Amount of dividend (basis on the ordinary share of the company of taka 10/- each) will recommend by the Board of Directors on specific agenda of Board Meeting and finally dividend shall be approved by the shareholders at Annual General meeting (AGM) on the basis of recommendation of the Board of Directors but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors.

Mainly, declaration of dividend would be based on the audited financial statements of the company and also consider the following relevant factors:

- Past dividend trends
- Net profit after tax
- Shareholder expectations
- Dividend policy of competitors
- Cash flow position & working capital requirement &
- All applicable regulatory requirements.

3. Entitlement of Dividend:

The shareholders whose names would appear in the Register of Members of the company and/or in the depository on the "**Record Date**" would be eligible to join in the AGM & entitled to receive the annual/final dividend of the company.

4. Payment/distribution of Dividend:

Company shall pay off final dividend to the entitled shareholders within 30 (thirty) days from the date of approval by the shareholders in AGM. Cash dividend shall be distributed in the following manner & procedures:

- upon approval from shareholders in AGM, we will keep the whole amount of cash dividend payable declared by the Board of Directors for the concern year in our separate bank account within 10 (ten) days of the AGM.
- Company shall pay off cash dividend directly to the bank account of the entitled shareholders as available in the BO account maintained with the depository participants (DP) or the bank account as provided by the shareholders in paper form through Bangladesh Electronic Funds Transfer Network (BEFTN).
- In case of non-availability of bank account information or if not possible to distribute cash dividend through BEFTN or electronic payment system. Company shall issue cash dividend warrant and shall send it by post to the shareholders.
- Dividend is paid to non-resident shareholders through their local agents.

5. Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend:

Pursuant to the Directive No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2021-386/03 dated 14th January,2021, the Company shall maintain as separate line item namely "Unclaimed Dividend Account" where unpaid or unclaimed dividend shall be accounted for in audited accounts for a period 3 (three) years and this unpaid or unclaimed cash dividend shall be kept to a separate bank account of the company within one year from the date of declaration or approval or record date. After elapse of the aforementioned period, if any dividend remains unpaid or unclaimed or unsettled, such dividend along with accrued interest shall be transferred to the **Capital Market Stabilization Fund** maintained by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission.

6. Procedure for claiming unpaid/unclaim Dividend:

The procedure for claiming unpaid or unclaimed dividend which are as follows:

- Shareholders are required to make an application for unpaid or unclaim dividend for latest three years at its registered office address.
- Shareholders may apply in person at Corporate Office of the Company.
- Unpaid Dividends will be paid to the shareholders, upon verification of the relevant BO ID information, cell phone number, NID and email address maintained with the Central Depository of Bangladesh Limited (CDBL).
- Unpaid Dividends will be paid through issuance of Dividend warrant/BEFTN/other banking channels within 15(Fifteen) working days from the application.

7. Disclosure of Dividend Information:

The Company maintains a record of unpaid or unclaimed dividend. Summary of such record shall be available in the Annual Report and in the Quarterly Financial Statements. The Company also publish such record in its website in accordance with the Directive No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2021-386/03 dated 14th January, 2021.

8. Submission of Dividend Distribution Compliance Report:

The Company shall submit a dividend distribution compliance report to BSEC, DSE & CSE in a specific format issued by the regulator(s) within stipulated time of completion of dividend distribution to the entitled shareholders.

9. General

The dividend Policy would be subject to revision/amendment in accordance with changes in applicable laws or the guidelines issued by BSEC or such other regulatory authority as may be authorized, from time to time, on the subject matter.

The Board shall review this Policy annually. Upon recommendation of the Board, the Company reserves its right to alter, modify, add, delete or amend any of the provision of this policy.

MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN

Dear Shareholders,

It is an honor for me to welcome you all to the Thirty First Annual General Meeting of your Company and to present the Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2022.

As you are all aware that our dear honorable Chairman Mr. Zafar Ahmed passed away on 9th January, 2022. We Pray to Almighty Allah for his departed soul.

Global Economy:

Most of you are aware of the tremendous slump of the global economic growth potential from 5.7 percent in 2021 to 2.9 percent in 2022, significantly lower than 4.1 percent that was anticipated in January. It is expected to hover around that pace for several years. As a result of the damage from the pandemic and the crisis of the world politics, the level of per capita income in developing economies this year will be nearly 5 percent below its pre-pandemic trend. Among emerging market and developing economies, growth is also projected to fall from 6.6 percent in 2021 to 3.4 percent in 2022, well below the annual average of 4.8 percent over 2011-2019. The negative spillovers from the war will more than offset any near-term boost to some commodity exporters from higher energy prices. Forecasts for 2022 growth have been revised down in nearly 70 percent of EMDEs, including most commodity importing countries as well as four-fifths of low-income countries. As you all are aware that our business is mainly export based and for that reason we are significantly affected by downturn in the global economic downturn.

Bangladesh Economy:

Bangladesh has made a strong economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic, but growth faces new headwinds as global commodity prices increase amid the uncertainty created by the crisis of world politics.

In Bangladesh, a rebound of manufacturing and service sector activities led strong growth in FY21 and in the first half of FY22. In the medium term, GDP growth is expected to remain strong. Significantly, inflation rose to 6.2 percent in February 2022, driven by a rise in both food and non-food prices. The war in Ukraine and associated sanctions may lead to a higher current account deficit and rising inflation as global commodity prices surge. Public debt remains sustainable, and the March 2022 joint World Bank-IMF Debt Sustainability Analysis assessed that Bangladesh remained at low risk of external and public debt distress.

My sincere thanks to all the respectable Shareholders for extending their continuous support and confidence in the Board of Directors of your Company. I also like to put on record my sincere appreciation to the Banks, Financial and Regulatory Agencies, Suppliers, Customers, various people with whom we have interacted in the course of business, management staff, and members of the Company at all levels for their cooperation and sincere efforts in the growth of your Company.

Place: Dhaka

Date: October 16, 2022

Sd/-Shahriar Ahmed Acting Chairman

Management Discussion & Analysis

Management's discussion and analysis of the Company's position and operations along with a brief discussion of changes in the financial statements as per condition no. 1.5(XXV) of Corporate Governance Code dated June 03, 2018:

(a) Accounting policies and estimation for preparation of financial statements:

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the Historical Cost Convention, Accrual and Going Concern basis in accordance with applicable International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) which does not vary from the requirements of the Companies Act, 1994 and the Listing Regulations of the Stock Exchanges, The Securities & Exchange Rules, 1987 and other laws and rules applicable in Bangladesh. The following IASs & IFRSs as applicable for the financial statements for the year under review:

IAS-1	Presentation of financial statements
IAS-2	Inventories
IAS-7	Statement of Cash Flows
IAS-8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
IAS-10	Events after the Reporting Period
IAS-12	Income Taxes
IAS-16	Property, Plant and Equipment
IAS-21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
IAS-23	Borrowing Costs
IAS-24	Related Party Disclosures
IAS-33	Earnings Per Share
IAS-36	Impairment of Assets
IAS-37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
IFRS-07	Financial Instruments: Disclosure
IFRS-09	Financial Instruments
IFRS-15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers
IFRS-16	Leases

(b) Changes in accounting policies and estimation:

There was no change in accounting policies and estimation during the year under review.

(c) Comparative analysis of financial performance or results and financial position as well as cash flows for current financial year with immediate preceding five years explaining reasons:

				"Figure i	n Thousand	Taka"
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17
Key Operational and Find	ancial Data:					
Revenue	4,560,330	4,007,756	2,751,013	3,537,790	3,633,663	3,205,557
Gross Profit	271,542	260,014	222,226	287,345	289,542	245,333
Operating Profit/(Loss)	66,484	92,154	83,128	127,216	62,859	43,166
Profit before Tax	55,246	54,815	30,701	55,690	62,411	47,270
Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax	28,974	24,636	12,428	27,223	24,021	23,163
Total Assets	1,546,322	1,564,733	1,282,299	1,388,386	1,465,206	1,325,340
Total Liabilities	1,055,920	1,095,217	825,521	919,467	1,002,783	882,050
Current Assets	1,212,721	1,259,818	965,337	1,058,620	1,107,179	994,046
Current Liabilities	1,055,920	1,046,889	767,460	909,740	996,404	878,212
Reserve and Surplus	371,770	359,597	347,560	351,247	339,632	329,964
Share Holder's Equity	490,402	469,516	456,779	468,919	462,423	443,183
Current Ratio	1.15	1.20	1.26	1.16	1.11	1.13
Net Assets Value (NAV) per Share	58.38	55.89	54.38	55.08	55.05	52.77
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	3.45	2.93	1.48	3.24	2.86	2.76
NOCFPS	0.19	26.43	0.66	20.94	(10.31)	14.23

From the above key operational & financial data are stated that revenue growth of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Ltd is continuing from the year 2019-2020 which has increased the revenue @ 13.79% as compared to last year 2020-2021 due to increase of unit price & new orders, as a result its gross profit margin, profit before tax & net profit after tax have been increased. As such, other operating & financial indicators like total assets, total liabilities, current assets & current liabilities have also been effected. Thus there was significant variance in net operating cash flows. The Net Operating Cash Flows per Share are positive/negative and are different in every financial year as this depends on different issues, mainly collection from revenue and payment for costs and expenses. Net operating cash flows per share has been decreased due to increase of cost & expenses during the year.

(d) Compare such financial performance or results and financial position as well as cash flows with the peer industry scenario:

"Figure in Million Taka"

			i igaic ili willion rake
Particulars	Apex Spinning Figure of Peer & Knitting Mills Industry – A Ltd 2021-2022 2020-2021		Figure of Peer Industry –B 2020-2021
Operational and Financia	l Data:		
Revenue	4,560.33	5,020.71	4,980.91
Gross Profit	271.54	773.74	449.78
Profit before Tax	55.25	754.08	192.39
Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax	28.97	661.89	172.91
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	3.45	4.27	0.79
NOCFPS	0.19	5.14	1.23

(e) Financial and Economic scenario of Bangladesh and the global (in brief):

The scenario of Bangladesh economy depends on internal & external factors. The global economy is facing unprecedented challenge due to war between Russia & Ukraine. As Bangladesh is an import dependent country, Bangladeshi Taka has also experience devaluation & inflation has made a big impact on customer purchasing power. According to Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, 6.94% GDP growth was achieved in 2020-2021 and 7.20% is the projected GDP growth for 2021-2022. As per National Budget, the govt. has set 7.50% growth target for 2022-2023 fiscal which is very challenging. The global output is projected to grow by only 4.00% in 2022 and 3.50% in 2023. Bangladesh has able to maintain 6.50%-7.00% growth for a decade. The world bank has projected 6.4% growth for 2021-2022 and 6.70% growth for 2022-2023.

(f) Risk and concerns including internal and external factors and its mitigation plan of the company is stated below:

Now a day, international demand is the main concern of RMG sector of Bangladesh beside uncontrollable price hike of raw materials and comparatively the unit price of RMG not to increase. Another concern is that garment produced in Bangladesh cannot enter the USA, if it is manufactured from imported fabric using the cotton of China Xinjiang and the new issue is the war between Russia & Ukraine.

Currently, RMG sector along with others sectors is facing some challenges like the upward trend of the foreign exchange rate & deepening liquidity crunch in the banking sector.

The company aware some financial risk including credit risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. To minimize these exposure, the company has taken extra initiative ie for credit risk, monitored on an ongoing basis and for interest rate risk, the company has not entered into any type of derivative instrument in order to hedge interest rate risk at the reporting date and company is emphasizing on own fund based financing to reduce dependency on interest based borrowed fund but a stimulus package loan was taken for payment wages of workers at lower charges/rate which is continuing.

Otherwise, the RMG Industry in Bangladesh faces challenges to ensure workplace safety for the workers in compliance with the national & international labour standards and rights. We are also facing various risk & concern issue like price hike of energy, very short lead time to deliver finished goods and mostly labour costs. Otherwise, to meet environmental and compliance requirements has caused a shift in selecting eco-friendly chemicals which are expensive

(g) Future plan:

From the inception, Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited is an employee supported & suitable work environment RMG industry in Bangladesh & also committed towards continuing improvement in infrastructure, capital assets upgradation and modification to run the production undisrupted and fulfilled the requirement of buyers. We are continuously focusing towards reduction in operating cost and wastage, for this the company has been established energy and water monitoring design and improvement in efficiency of human resources by proper training and modernization the fashion design center & learning centre. We are always working for the building of company's positive brand image by introducing value added products which are cover the international standard. We have also taken various steps towards strengthening our human resources capabilities & their facilities and IT infrastructure.

Place: Dhaka

Date: October 16, 2022

Sd/-

Zahur Ahmed PhD Managing Director

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Dear Shareholders,

As you are all aware that our dear honorable Chairman Mr. Zafar Ahmed passed away on 9th January, 2022. We Pray to Almighty Allah for his departed soul.

The Directors are pleased to submit to you the Annual Report together with the Independent Auditors' Report and Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The Directors' Report is prepared in compliance with Section 184 of the Companies Act 1994 and Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission's (BSEC) notification no- BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/207/Admin/80 dated 3 June 2018.

(i) Industry outlook and possible future developments in the industry:

The Readymade Garments (RMG) sector has been playing a important role to accelerate the economic growth of Bangladesh through higher export earnings. Moreover, this sector is also creating a vast employment opportunities of the country, especially low-skilled, entry level jobs for young men and women.

The country's RMG export earnings increased by 6.33 percent in the January-March FY22 quarter as compared to previous quarter. RMG's quarterly export earnings also outperformed than that of the previous year's corresponding quarter and the quarterly target by 45.14 percent and 27.24 percent respectively. This expansion was supported by an increase in apparel product shipments to the United States and European countries, as well as different government and central bank involvement in the Covid period.

Despite the epic growth of our industry and its bright prospects, challenges are still there. However, we always believe that challenges can be turned into opportunities if they are addressed with steely determination and pragmatic steps and such instances are galore in our history.

(ii) Segment-wise or product-wise performance:

As Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited produces only Readymade Garment, there is no scope for Product-wise performance reporting. However, country-wise export details are given in note 32 of the Annual Report.

(iii) Risks and concerns:

Bangladesh's apparel export to the United States may face obstacle for this newly enforced act. Any garment produced in Bangladesh cannot enter the USA, if it is manufactured from imported fabric using the cotton of China Xinjiang. The products will be seized if any connection to Xinjiang cotton is found. Otherwise, customers who importer of RMG for European countries, have been reduced their imported goods due to economics instability of the most European countries

Already Bangladesh Garment Buying House Association (BGBA) has asked its members to be cautious about sourcing raw materials imported from the Xinjiang region. Apparel makers have to develop alternatives to source yarn and fabric. Though the knitters can source yarn and fabric from the local market. However, the woven sub-sector that meets the majority of its raw materials demand for fabric through import might face some challenges.

In this situation, Bangladesh textile and apparel exporters have to analyze the two biggest markets to set proper strategy to continue exporting goods there.

(iv) Discussion on Cost of Goods Sold, Gross Profit Margin and Net Profit Margin:

(a) Cost of Goods Sold:

The reporting period's cost of goods sold was Tk. 4,289 million as compared to last year's cost of goods sold of Tk. 3,748 million. It has been changed for increasing in the gross turnover during the reporting period. During the reporting period 2,705,253 dozen of garments were produced as against last year's production of 2,856,674 dozen. The decrease in production quantity is 151,421 dozen over the last year. Production capacity utilized during the reporting period was 84.54%. There was an increase in Wages and Salaries to the tune of Tk. 176.09 million as against last year.

(b) Gross Profit:

The company has achieved an export turnover of Tk. 4,560.33 million during the year ended 30th June 2022. Last year's turnover was Tk. 4,007.76 million. The increase in turnover is 13.79% over the last year. Gross profit earned during the period was Tk. 271.54 million as against last year's gross profit of Tk. 260.01 million.

(c) Net Profit:

Net profit (after tax) earned during the period was Tk. 28.97 million as compared to last year's Net Profit (after tax) of Tk. 24.64 million. There is significant difference from last year's net profit due to increase of turnover.

(v) Extra-Ordinary gain or loss:

During the year there was no realized extra-ordinary gain/(loss) made by the company. An amount of Tk. 8.71 million has been shown as Fair Valuation surplus for Investment in share in the Statement of Comprehensive Income which represents the difference between the closing price of investment in the Shares of Apex Foods Limited and the price shown in the last Statement of Financial Position. This accounting effect was given in order to comply with the latest requirement of International Accounting Standards (IAS) / International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Details are given in Note 22 of the Annual Report.

(vi) Related Party Transactions:

a) Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited has few transactions with Matex Bangladesh Limited, Apex Yarn Dyeing Limited, Apex Lingerie Limited, Apex Fashion Wear Limited and Apex Textile Printing Mills Limited with common director. These transactions are considered as related party transactions as per IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures". The transactions are occurred during the period with an arm's length price as per normal business policy for buying & selling of dyes & chemical, fabric cost and yarn dyeing. The details are given below:

2021-2022

Name of the Parties	Relationship	Nature of	Opening	Purchase	Paid during	Closing
		Transactions	Balance	during the	the Year	Balance
				Year		
i. Matex Bangladesh Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	6,145,715	229,329,224	230,220,545	5,254,394
ii. Apex Yarn Dyeing Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	4,921,829	43,287,446	41,268,330	6,940,945
iii. Apex Lingerie Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	10,700,900	10,700,900	-
iv. Apex Fashion Wear Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	234,630	•	234,630	-
v. Apex Textile Printing	Common Director	Revenue	13,182,000	114,068,036	99,667,536	27,582,500
Mills Ltd.						

2020-2021

Name of the Parties	Relationship	Nature of Transactions	Opening Balance	Purchase during the Year	Paid during the Year	Closing Balance
i. Matex Bangladesh Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	201,340,663	195,194,948	6,145,715
ii. Apex Yarn Dyeing Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	54,027,550	49,105,721	4,921,829
iii. Apex Lingerie Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	30,470,970	30,470,970	•
iv. Apex Fashion Wear Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	8,800,705	8,566,075	234,630
v. Apex Textile Printing Mills Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	90,791,177	77,609,177	13,182,000

b) Transaction with Key Management Personnel:

2021-2022

Name of the Parties	Relationship	Nature of Transactions	Transactions	Opening Balance	Transaction during the period	Closing Balance
i. Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	Director	Revenue	Office Rent	-	-	-
ii. Mrs. Shawkat Ara Ahmed	Shareholder	Revenue	Office Rent	-	-	-
iii. Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	Director	Revenue	Office Rent	-	-	-
iv. Mr. Mahir Ahmed	Director	Revenue	Office Rent	-	-	-
v. Mr. Eifaz Ahmed	Director	Revenue	Office Rent	-	-	-

The directors & Shareholders have provided a rent free office space for business transaction for the company as per agreement. However, the total rental spaces as mentioned in the agreement is approximately 79,444.10 sft for 11 sister concerns of the Directors of the company which is located as Shanta Sky Mark (Level 8-13), Plot # 18, Block # CWS(a), Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212. Therefore, the value of the related party transaction is nil.

(vii) Utilization of proceeds from public issues and/ or rights issues:

There was no public issues and/ or right issue offered during the year.

(viii) Financial results after the company goes for Initial Public Offering (IPO), Repeat Public Offering (RPO), Rights Offer, Direct Listing, etc.:

Initial Public Offering was made on February 10, 1994. Since then the company is performing well.

(ix) Variance between Quarterly Financial performance and Annual Financial Statements:

EPS has been increased (i.e. up to 3rd Quarter, EPS from operational activities was Tk. 2.68 but annually it has been Tk. 3.45) is mainly for increase of turnover in 4th quarter of 2021-2022.

(x) Remuneration to directors including independent directors:

The remunerations of Directors including Independent Director are as follows:

Name of the Directors	Director / Independent Director	Yearly Remuneration
Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	Director	1,800,000
Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	Director	1,200,000
Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	Independent Director	600,000

- (xi) The financial statements prepared by the management of the company present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- (xii) Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- (xiii) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and that the accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- (xiv) International Accounting Standards (IASs) & International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as applicable in Bangladesh, have been followed in preparation of the financial statements and any departure there-from has been adequately disclosed.
- (xv) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- (xvi) There was no such situation raised to protect the interest of minority shareholders.
- (xvii) There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

(xviii) Deviation from the last year's operating results:

During the year, turnover has been increased. The increase in turnover is mainly for unit price increase & dollar rate increase. However, significant deviation has been created in operating result due to increase in wages and salaries, foreign exchange fluctuation effect & other fixed expenses.

(xix) Key operating and financial data of at least preceding 5 (five) years:

"Figure in Thousand Taka"

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-18	2016-17
	2021-22	2020-21	2013-2020	2010-2013	2017-10	2010-17
Operational Data:						
Revenue	4,560,330	4,007,756	2,751,013	3,537,790	3,633,663	3,205,557
Gross Profit	271,542	260,014	222,226	287,345	289,542	245,333
Operating Profit	66,484	92,154	83,128	127,216	62,859	43,166
Profit before Tax	55,246	54,815	30,701	55,690	62,411	47,270
Net Profit after Tax	28,974	24,636	12,428	27,223	24,021	23,163
Earnings Per Share (EPS)	3.45	2.93	1.48	3.24	2.86	2.76
Dividend Per Share	2.00	2.00	1.50	2.00	2.00	2.00
Financial Data:						
Total Assets	1,546,322	1,564,733	1,282,299	1,388,386	1,465,206	1,325,340
Property, Plant and Equipment-Gross	1,452,233	1,402,345	1,390,443	1,360,371	1,346,231	1,343,392
Property, Plant and Equipment - Net	215,457	197,031	216,155	224,142	250,992	296,161
Gross Working Capital	1,212,721	1,259,818	965,337	1,058,620	1,107,179	994,046
Net Working Capital	156,801	212,929	197,877	148,880	110,775	115,834
Working Capital Loan	47,109	-	24,261	38,524	57,911	16,178
Share Capital	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000	84,000
Share Premium	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
Reserve and Surplus	371,770	359,597	347,560	351,247	339,632	329,964
Share Holders Equity	490,402	469,516	456,778	468,919	462,423	443,183
Long Term Loan	52,340	118,126	81,116	-	-	

(xx) Dividend:

Board of Directors has recommended Cash Dividend of Tk. 2.00 per Share of Tk. 10.00 each for the year 2021-2022. Upon your approval in this Annual General Meeting, the dividend will be paid to the Shareholders whose names appear in the Share Registers of the Company or in the Depository as on 07th November, 2022 at the close of office.

(xxi) Interim Dividend:

No Bonus share or stock dividend has been declared by Board of Directors for interim period.

(xxii) Board meetings:

During the year 11 (Eleven) Board Meetings were held. The attendance record of the Directors is as follows:

Name of Directors	Meeting attended
Mr. Zafar Ahmed	6
Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	11
Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	11
Mr. Mahir Ahmed	8
Mr. Eifaz Ahmed	8
Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah	8
Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	11

(xxiii) The pattern of shareholding:

Name wise details No. Shares

a) Parent/subsidiary/Associated Companies and other related parties

Apex Foods Limited	2,263,200
Apex Lingerie Limited	143,000
Apex Yarn Dyeing Limited	136,400

2.263.200

b) Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit & Compliance:

	Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD – Director	944,400
	Mr. Shahriar Ahmed – Director	784,500
	Mr. Mahir Ahmed – Director	46,800
	Mr. Eifaz Ahmed – Director	46,600
	Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah – Director (ICB Representative)	NIL
	Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader – Independent Director	NIL
	Mr. Kamruzzaman FCA – Chief Financial Officer	NIL
	Mr. Md. Golam Kibria FCMA –Head of Internal Audit & Compliance	NIL
	Mr. Md. Delour Hossen – Acting Company Secretary	NIL
c)	Senior Corporate Executive	NIL
d)	Shareholders holding ten percent (10%) or more voting interest in the Company	
	Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	944,400

(xxiv) Appointment & reappointment of directors of the Company:

Mr. Mahir Ahmed and Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah are retiring from the Board in terms of the Articles of Association of the Company and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection. The detailed work profiles of Mr. Mahir Ahmed and Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah are given below:

Mr. Mahir Ahmed

Apex Foods Limited

- a) Mr. Mahir Ahmed obtained his BSc in Genetics & Biotechnology from University of Toronto, Canada and after completing of his education, he joined this Group in 2014. He is working in this sector since 2014. During his long tenure with the sector, Mr. Mahir Ahmed has gathered vast knowledge about this sector.
- b) He is also holding the Directorship of (i) Apex Foods Limited; (ii) Apex Lingerie Limited; (iii) Apex Yarn Dyeing Limited; (iv) Apex Textile Printing Mills Limited; (v) Apex Fashion Wear Ltd. (vi) Matex Bangladesh Limited (vii) Apex Biofertilizar & Biopesticides Ltd (viii) Apex Convenience Foods Ltd & (ix) Apex Agriscience Ltd.
- c) He is not member of any other committee of the Board.

Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah

Mr. Md. Rafique Ullah has joined the Board of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited on January 30, 2020, as Director nominated by the Investment Corporation of Bangladesh (ICB).

- a. Mr. Rafique is a Post Graduate of Dhaka University. He has also achieved a Banking Diploma from IBB. After completing his education, he joined as Officer in ICB. He held various important positions during his long career with ICB and retired as General Manager. He has taken training from various institutes, especially from BIBM on Basel-ii implementation and from the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Management (ICSM) of Bangladesh on Board management.
- b.He has sound knowledge in this sector.
- c. He is also a director of S. Alam Cold Rolled Steels Ltd & BD. Thai Aluminium Ltd.
- d.Presently, Mr. Rafique is a member of the Audit Committee.

(xxv) Management Discussion & Analysis Signed by MD:

The management discussion and analysis signed by Managing Director representing details analysis of the company's position and operation in attached in the annual report as management discussion & analysis.

(xxvi) Declaration signed by MD & CFO:

Please refer to Annexure-A for declaration signed by MD and CFO.

(xxvii) Corporate Governance Compliance Report:

In accordance with the requirement of the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC), "Corporate Governance Compliance Report" is annexed in **Annexure B and C**.

(xxviii) Appointment of Statutory Auditors:

As per order of the Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission, existing Auditors M/s. Hussain Farhad & Co., Chartered Accountants, retires being the auditors of the Company for three consecutive years. Being eligible M/s. Malek Siddiqui Wali, Chartered Accountants offer themselves for appointment as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the year 2022-2023.

(xxix) Appointment of Compliance Auditors:

As per order of the Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission for appointment of Compliance Auditors, M/s. Shiraz Khan Basak & Co, Chartered Accountants Being eligible offer themselves for appointment as a Professional of the Company for Certification on Compliance of Corporate Governance Code for the year 2022-2023.

(xxx) Meeting of the Board of Directors:

We have conducted our Board Meeting & recorded the minutes of the meeting as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries of Bangladesh (ICSB).

Place: Dhaka On behalf of the Board

Date: October 16, 2022

Sd/
Shahriar Ahmed
Acting Chairman

পরিচালকগণের প্রতিবেদন

প্রিয় শেয়ারহোন্ডারগণ.

আমরা সকলেই অবগত আছি যে, আমাদের সম্মানিত চেয়ারম্যান জনাব জাফর আহমেদ গত ৯ জানুয়ারী, ২০২২ তারিখে শেষ নিশ্বাস ত্যাগ করেছেন এবং সর্ব শক্তিমান আল্লাহর কাছে তাহার রুহের মাগফিরাত কামনা করছি।

এততসত্তেও, আপনাদের কোম্পানীর পরিচালকগণ ২০২২ সালের ৩০ শে জুন তারিখে সমাপ্ত হিসাব বৎসরের বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদন এর সাথে নিরীক্ষকের প্রতিবেদন ও নিরীক্ষিত আর্থিক বিবরণী আপনাদের সম্মুখে উপস্থাপন করতে পেরে আনন্দিত।

পরিচালনা পর্ষদের প্রতিবেদন প্রনয়নের ক্ষেত্রে কোম্পানী আইন, ১৯৯৪ এর ১৮৪ ধারা এবং বাংলাদেশ সিকিউরিটিজ এন্ড এক্সচেঞ্জ কমিশনের (বিএসইসি) নোটিফিকেশন নং- বিএসইসি/সিএমআরআরসিডি/২০০৬-১৫৮/২০৭/এডমিন/৮০, তারিখ- জুন ৩, ২০১৮ অনুসরন করা হয়েছে।

১. শিল্প সম্পর্কিত ধারণা এবং এই শিল্পের ভবিষ্যত উন্নয়নের সম্ভাবনাঃ

তৈরি পোশাক (আরএমজি) খাত উচ্চ রপ্তানি আয়ের মাধ্যমে বাংলাদেশের অর্থনৈতিক প্রবৃদ্ধি ত্বরান্বিত করতে গুরুত্বপূর্ণ ভূমিকা পালন করছে । তদুপরি, এই খাতটি দেশের একটি বিশাল কর্মসংস্থানের সুযোগও তৈরি করছে, বিশেষ করে অল্প-দক্ষ, অনভিজ্ঞ তরুণ পুরুষ ও মহিলাদের জন্য চাকরির সুযোগ সৃস্টি করছে ।

দেশের তৈরি পোশাক থেকে রপ্তানি আয় আগের প্রান্তিকের তুলনায় জানুয়ারি-মার্চ FY22 প্রান্তিকে ৬.৩৩ শতাংশ বৃদ্ধি পেয়েছে। তৈরি পোশাক (আরএমজি) খাতে ত্রৈমাসিক রপ্তানি আয়ও আগের বছরের অনুরূপ হয়েছে এ ত্রৈমাসিও এবং ত্রেমাসিক লক্ষ্য যথাক্রমে ৪৫.১৪ শতাংশ এবং ২৭.২৪ শতাংশ বেশি বৃদ্ধি পেয়েছে। এই বৃদ্ধি মূলত মার্কিন যুক্তরাষ্ট্র এবং ইউরোপীয় দেশগুলিতে পোশাক পণ্যের বিক্রয় বৃদ্ধির পাশাপাশি কোভিড সময়ের মধ্যে সরকরের বিভিন্ন কৌশল এবং কেন্দ্রীয় ব্যাংকের সহযোগীতায় সম্ভব হয়েছে।

আমাদেও দেশে শিল্পের ব্যাপক উন্নতি এবং এর উজ্জল ভবিষ্যৎ থাকা সত্ত্বেও এখনো অনেক ঝুঁকি বিদ্যমান। যাহোক, আমরা সর্বদা বিশ্বাস করি যে এই ঝুঁকিগুলিকে সুযোগে পরিনত করা যেতে পারে যদি উহাকে দৃঢ় সংকল্প এবং যথাযত পদক্ষেপের সহিত নেওয়া হয় এবং এই ধরনের ঘটনা আমাদের জাতীয় জীবনে প্রচুর বিদ্যমান।

২. খাতওয়ারি অথবা পণ্য ভিত্তিক ফলাফলঃ

যেহেতু এপেক্স স্পিনিং এন্ড নিটিং মিলস্ লিমিটেড শুধু মাত্র তৈরী পোশাক উৎপাদনকারী প্রতিষ্ঠান সেহেতু এখানে পণ্য ভিত্তিক ফলাফলের বিবরণ দেওয়ার কোন সুযোগ নেই। যাহোক বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদনের ৩২ নং নোটে প্রতিষ্ঠানটি কোন দেশে কত রপ্তানী করেছে তার বিস্তারিত বিবরণ দেওয়া হয়েছে।

৩. ঝুঁকি ও উদ্বিগ্নতা সমূহঃ

নতুন কার্যকরী আইনের কারণে যুক্তরাষ্ট্রে বাংলাদেশের পোশাক রপ্তানি বাধার সম্মুখীন হতে পারে। বাংলাদেশে উৎপাদিত কোনো পোশাক যুক্তরাষ্ট্রে প্রবেশ করতে পারবে না, যদি তা চীনের জিনজিয়াংয়ের তুলা ব্যাবহার করে আমদানিকৃত কাপড়থেকে তৈরি হয়। জিনজিয়াং তুলার সাথে কোন সংযোগ পাওয়া গেলে পণ্যগুলো জব্দ করা হবে । তাছাড়া যে সমস্ত ক্রেতা ইউরোপিয়ান দেশ গুলোর জন্য তৈরি পোশাক ক্রয় করে, তারাও তৈরি পোশাক ক্রয় কমিয়ে দিয়েছে ইউরোপিয়ান দেশ গুলোর অর্থনৈতিক অস্থিরতার কারণে ।

ইতিমধ্যেই বাংলাদেশ গার্মেন্টস বায়িং হাউস অ্যাসোসিয়েশন (বিজিবিএ) তাদের সদস্যদের জিনজিয়াং অঞ্চল থেকে আমদানি করা কাঁচামাল সোর্সিং সম্পর্কে সতর্ক থাকতে বলেছে। পোশাক প্রস্তুতকারকদের সুতা এবং ফ্যাব্রিকের বিকল্প উৎস উন্নয়ন করতে হবে। যদিও বুননকারিরা স্থানীয় বাজার থেকে সুতা এবং কাপড় সংগ্রহ করতে পারে। যাইহোক, বোনা উপ-খাত যা আমদানির মাধ্যমে কাপড়ের সিংহভাগ কাঁচামালের চাহিদার পূরণ করা হয়, যাহা চ্যালেঞ্জের মুখোমুখি হতে পারে।

এ অবস্থায় বাংলাদেশের টেক্সটাইল ও পোশাক রপ্তানিকারকদের সেখানে পণ্য রপ্তানি অব্যাহত রাখতে সঠিক কৌশল নির্ধারণের জন্য সবচেয়ে বড় দুটি বাজার বিশ্লেষণ করতে হবে।

8. বিক্রিত পণ্যের ব্যয় বিশ্লেষণ, মোট প্রান্তিক মুনাফা এবং নীট প্রান্তিক মুনাফাঃ

ক) বিক্রিত পণ্যের ব্যয়ঃ

প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে বিক্রিত পণ্যের ব্যয় ছিল ৪,২৮৯ মিলিয়ন টাকা, যা গত বৎসর ছিল ৩,৭৪৮ মিলিয়ন টাকা। এর কারণ প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে মোট বিক্রয় বেড়েছে। প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে ২,৭০৫,২৫৩ ডজন তৈরি পোশাক উৎপাদন হয়েছে যা গত বৎসর ছিল ২,৮৫৬,৬৭৪ ডজন। গত বৎসরের তুলনায় ১৫১,৪২১ ডজন উৎপাদন গ্রাস পেয়েছে। প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে কোম্পানীর উৎপাদন ক্ষমতার ৮৪.৫৪ শতাংশ ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে। গত বৎসরের তুলনায় প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে মজুরী এবং বেতন ১৭৬.০৯ মিলিয়ন টাকা বৃদ্ধি পেয়েছে।

খ) মোট মুনাফাঃ

৩০ জুন ২০২২ সমাপ্ত বছরে কোম্পানী মোট বিক্রয় করেছে ৪,৫৬০.৩৩ মিলিয়ন টাকা। গত বৎসর বিক্রয় ছিল ৪,০০৭.৭৬ মিলিয়ন টাকা। গত বৎসরের তুলনায় এ বছর ১৩.৭৯ শতাংশ বিক্রয় বৃদ্ধি পেয়েছে। এ বছর মোট মুনাফা অর্জিত হয়েছে ২৭১.৫৪ মিলিয়ন টাকা. যা গত বৎসর ছিল ২৬০.০১ মিলিয়ন টাকা।

গ) নীট মুনাফাঃ

প্রতিবেদন কালিন সময়ে নীট মুনাফা (কর পরবর্তী) হয়েছে ২৮.৯৭ মিলিয়ন টাকা, যা গত বৎসর ছিল ২৪.৬৪ মিলিয়ন টাকা। গত বছরের নীট মুনাফার সহিত এ বছরের নীট মুনাফার উল্লেখযোগ্য পার্থক্যের কারণ হল বিক্রয় বিদ্ধি।

শুরাভাবিক লাভ বা ক্ষতিঃ

এ বছর বাস্তবিক অর্থে প্রাপ্ত কোন অস্বাভাবিক লাভ বা ক্ষতি নেই। তবে ৮.৭১ মিলিয়ন টাকা বিনিয়োগের সুষ্ঠ মূল্যায়ণের ফলে উদ্ধৃত্ত হয়েছে যাহা সমন্বিত আয় বিবরণীতে দেখানো হয়েছে যাহা এপেক্স ফুডস্ লিমিটেড এর শেয়ারে বিনিয়োগের সমাপনী বাজার মূল্য এবং গত বৎসরের আর্থিক অবস্থার বিবরণীতে দেখানো মূল্যের পার্থক্য, এটা আর্স্তজাতিক এ্যাকাউন্টিং স্ট্যার্ভাস্ (আই.এ.এস) / আর্স্তজাতিক ফাইন্যানসিয়াল রিপোর্টিং স্ট্যার্ভাস্ (আই .এফ.আর.এস) অনুযায়ী হিসাব বিবরণীতে দেখানো হয়েছে। বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদনে ২২ নং নোটে বিস্তারিত বিবরণ দেওয়া হয়েছে।

৬. আন্তঃ সম্পর্কিত কোম্পানীর লেনদেন সমূহঃ

১) একই পরিচালকের অধীনে এপেক্স স্পিনিং এন্ড নিটিং মিলস্ লিমিটেডের সাথে ম্যাটেক্স বাংলাদেশ লিমিটেড, এপেক্স ইয়ার্ণ ডাইং লিমিটেড, এপেক্স ল্যানজারি লিমিটেড, এপেক্স ফ্যাশন ওয়ার লিমিটেড এবং এপেক্স টেক্সটাইল প্রিন্টিং মিলস লিমিটেড এর কিছু লেনদেন আছে । যা আই.এ.এস ২৪ অনুসারে এই লেনদেন গুলোই আন্তঃ সম্পর্কিত কোম্পানী লেনদেন । ব্যবসায়ের স্বাভাবিক নিয়ম নীতি অনুসরন করে লেনদেন সম্পন্ন হয়েছে যাহা নির্ধারিত হয়েছে আর্ম'স লেছ্ প্রাইসে। বিস্তারিত নিচে উল্লেখ করা হল:

২০২১-২০২২

কোম্পানির নাম	সম্পর্ক	লেনদেনের	প্রারম্ভিক	এই বৎসর ক্রয়	এই বৎসর	সমাপনী ব্যালেন্স
		ধরণ	ব্যালেন্স		পরিশোধ	
১) ম্যাটেক্স বাংলাদেশ লিমিটেড	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা জাতীয়	৬,১৪৫,৭১৫	২২৯,৩২৯,২২৪	২৩০,২২০,৫৪৫	৫,২৫৪,৩৯৪
২) এপেক্স ইয়ার্ন ডাইং লিমিটেড	এক ই পরিচালক	মুনাফা জাতীয়	8,৯২১,৮২৯	৪৩,২৮ ৭,৪৪৬	৪১,২৬৮,৩৩০	৬,৯৪০,৯৪৫
৩) এপেক্স ল্যানজারি লিমিটেড	এক ই পরিচালক	মুনাফা জাতীয়	-	\$ 0,900, \$ 00	১০,৭০০,৯০০	-
8) এপেক্স ফ্যাশন ওয়্যার লিমিটেড	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা জাতীয়	২৩৪,৬৩০	-	২৩৪,৬৩০	-
৫) এপেক্স টেক্সটাইলপ্রিন্টিং মিলস লিমিটেড	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা জাতীয়	30,3 82,000	\$\$ 8,0 \$ 7,0 \$	৯৯,৬৬৭,৫৩৬	২৭,৫৮২,৫০০

২০২০-২০২১

কোম্পানির নাম	সম্পর্ক	লেনদেনের	প্রারম্ভিক	এই বৎসর ক্রয়	এই বৎসর	সমাপনী ব্যালেন্স
		ধরণ	ব্যালেন্স		পরিশোধ	
১) ম্যাটেক্স	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা	-	২০১,৩৪০,৬৬৩	১৯৫,১৯৪,৯৪৮	৬,১৪৫,৭১৫
বাংলাদেশ লিমিটেড		জাতীয়				
২) এপেক্স ইয়ার্ন	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা	-	<i>৫8,०২</i> १, <i>৫৫</i> ०	৪৯,১০৫,৭২১	8,৯২১,৮২৯
ডাইং লিমিটেড		জাতীয়				
৩) এপেক্স ল্যানজারি	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা	-	৩০,৪৭০,৯৭০	৩০,৪৭০,৯৭০	-
লিমিটেড		জাতীয়				
৪) এপেক্স ফ্যাশন	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা	-	b,b00,90¢	৮,৫৬৬,০৭৫	২৩৪,৬৩০
ওয়্যার লিমিটেড		জাতীয়				
৫) এপেক্স টেক্সটাইল	একই পরিচালক	মুনাফা	-	৯০,৭৯১,১৭৭	৭৭,৬০৯,১৭৭	১৩,১৮২,০০০
প্রিন্টিং মিলস		জাতীয়				
লিমিটেড						

২) মূল মালিকদের সাথে লেনদেন:

2021-2022

কোম্পানির নাম	সম্পর্ক	লেনদেনের	লেনদেনের	প্রারম্ভিক	লেনদেন এই	সমাপনী ব্যালেন্স
		ধরণ		ব্যালেন্স	বৎসর	
১) জনাব জহুর আহমেদ	একই	মুনাফা	অফিস ভাড়া	-	-	-
পিএইচডি	পরিচালক	জাতীয়				
২) জনাবা শওকত আরা	শেয়ার	মুনাফা	অফিস ভাড়া	-	-	-
আহমেদ	হোন্ডার	জাতীয়				
৩) জনাব শাহরিয়ার	একই	মুনাফা	অফিস ভাড়া	-	-	-
আহমেদ	পরিচালক	জাতীয়				
৪) জনাব মাহির আহমেদ	একই	মুনাফা	অফিস ভাড়া	-	-	-
	পরিচালক	জাতীয়				
৫) জনাব ইফাজ আহমেদ	একই	মুনাফা	অফিস ভাড়া	-	-	-
	পরিচালক	জাতীয়				

দলিল অনুসারে, কোম্পানীর মালিকগণ ভাড়া ছাড়া তাদের জায়গা ব্যবসায়িক উদ্দেশ্যে অফিসের জন্য কোম্পানিকে প্রদান করেছে। যাহোক, দলিল অনুসারে, মোট ভাড়াকিত জায়গা আনুমানিক ৭৯,888.১০ এস এফ টি যাহা মালিকদের ১১ টি সহপ্রতিষ্টান সাথে ভাড়াকৃত, যাহার ঠিকানা শাস্তা স্কাই মার্ক (লেভেল ৮-১৩), প্লট # ১৮, ব্লক # CWS(a), গুলশান এভিনিউ, গুলশান , ঢাকা-১২১২। তাই, আন্তঃ সম্পর্কিত লেনদেনের কোন মুল্য নেই।

৭. পাবলিক ইস্যু অথবা রাইট ইস্যু হইতে প্রাপ্ত তহবিলের ব্যবহারঃ

এ বৎসর কোন পাবলিক ইস্যু অথবা রাইট ইস্যু করা হয় নাই।

৮. ইনিশিয়াল পাবলিক অফারিং (আই.পি.ও), রিপিট পাবলিক অফারিং (আর. পি. ও), রাইট অফার, ডাইরেক্ট লিস্টিং ইত্যাদি থেকে অর্থ বা তহবিল প্রাপ্তির পর কোম্পানীর আর্থিক অবস্থা ঃ

১৯৯৪ সালের ফেব্রুয়ারী মাসের ১০ তারিখে ইনিশিয়াল পাবলিক অফারিং (আই.পি.ও) হয় এর পর থেকে কোম্পানী ধারাবাহিক ভাবে ভালো করে যাচ্ছে।

৯. বার্ষিক আর্থিক বিবরণী এবং ত্রৈমাসিক আর্থিক অবস্থার বিবরণীর মধ্যে পার্থক্যঃ

শেয়ার প্রতি আয় বৃদ্ধি পেয়েছে (অর্থাৎ তৃতীয় প্রাম্পিতক পর্যন্ত পরিচালন কার্যক্রমে শেয়ার প্রতি আয় ছিল ২.৬৮ টাকা কিন্তু বাৎসরিক ইহা হয়েছে ৩.৪৫ টাকা) মূলত ২০২১-২০২২ অর্থ বছরের শেষ ত্রৈমাসিক বিক্রয় বৃদ্ধিতে হয়েছে।

১০. স্বতন্ত্র পরিচালক সহ পরিচালকদের পারিশ্রমিকঃ

স্বতন্ত্র পরিচালক সহ পরিচালকদের পারিশ্রমিক নিম্নরূপঃ

পরিচালকদের নাম	পরিচালক/স্বতন্ত্র পরিচালক	বাৎসরিক পারিশ্রমিক
জনাব জহুর আহমেদ পিএইচডি	পরিচালক	3,500,000/-
জনাব শাহরিয়ার আহমেদ	পরিচালক	১,২০০,০০০/-
জনাব কাজী ফারুক কাদের	স্বতন্ত্র পরিচালক	৬০০,০০০/-

- ১১. কোম্পানীর ব্যবস্থাপনা কর্তৃপক্ষ কর্তৃক প্রস্তুতকৃত আর্থিক বিবরণীতে কোম্পানীর আর্থিক অবস্থা, কার্যক্রমের ফলাফল, নগদ প্রবাহ, মূলধনের পরিবর্তন সঠিক ভাবে উপস্থাপন করা হয়েছে।
- ১২. কোম্পানীর হিসাব বহি সমূহ যথাযথ ভাবে সংরক্ষণ করা হয়েছে।
- ১৩. আর্থিক বিবরণী প্রস্তুতিতে যথোপযুক্ত হিসাবনীতি সমূহ ধারাবাহিক ভাবে প্রয়োগ করা হয়েছে এবং হিসাবগত পরিমাপক সমূহ যুক্তিযুক্ত ও বিচক্ষণ সিদ্ধান্তের উপর প্রতিষ্ঠিত।
- ১৪. ইন্টারন্যাশনাল এ্যাকাউন্টিং স্ট্যার্ন্ডাস (আই.এ.এস), ইন্টারন্যাশনাল ফিন্যানসিয়াল রিপোর্টিং স্ট্যার্ন্ডাস (আই.এফ.আর.এস)/ বাংলাদেশ ফিন্যানসিয়াল রিপোর্টিং স্ট্যার্ন্ডাস (বি.এফ.আর.এস) যাহা বাংলাদেশে প্রযোজ্য তাহা অনুসরন করে আর্থিক বিবরণী প্রস্তুত করা হয়েছে এবং কোথাও কোন ব্যত্যয় থাকলে তাহা যথায়থ ভাবে প্রকাশ করা হয়েছে।

- ১৫. অভ্যন্তরীন নিয়ন্ত্রণ ব্যবস্থা সুসংহত ও কার্যকর ভাবে বাস্তবায়ন ও পর্যবেক্ষণ করা হয়েছে।
- ১৬. সংখ্যালঘু শেয়ারহোল্ডারদের স্বার্থ রক্ষার জন্য এ ধরনের কোন পরিস্থিতি উত্থাপিত হয়নি।
- ১৭. কোম্পানীর চলমান অস্তিত্বের সামর্থ্যের ক্ষেত্রে কোনরূপ তাৎপর্যপূর্ণ সন্দেহের অবকাশ নাই।

১৮. গত বৎসরের পরিচালনগত ফলাফলের সহিত চলতি বৎসরের ব্যবধানঃ

চলতি বছর বিক্রয় বেড়েছে । এটা মূলত ইউনিট মুল্য বৃদ্ধি এবং ডলারের দাম বৃদ্ধি বৃদ্ধি পাওয়ার কারণে। এতসত্তেও, মজুরী ও বেতন বৃদ্ধি, বৈদেশিক মুদ্রার বিনিময় প্রভাব ও অন্যান্য স্বায়ী খরচ বৃদ্ধি কারণে পরিচালনগত ফলাফলে উল্লেখযোগ্য ব্যবধান পরিলক্ষিত হয়েছে ।

১৯. পূর্ববর্তী পাঁচ বছরের মুখ্য পরিচালন এবং আর্থিক উপাত্তঃ

					"সংখ্যা হাজার টাকায়"		
বিবরন	২০২১-২২	২০২০-২১	২০১৯-২০	২০১৮-১৯	২০১৭-১৮	২০১৬-১৭	
পরিচালন তথ্য:							
বিক্রয়	8, ৫৬০,৩৩ ০	8, ০০৭,৭৫৬	২,৭৫১,০১৩	৩,৫৩৭,৭৯০	৩,৬৩৩,৬৬৩	৩,২০৫,৫৫৭	
মোট মুনাফা	২৭১,৫৪২	২৬০,০১৪	২২২,২২৬	২৮৭,৩৪৫	২৮৯,৫৪২	২৪৫,৩৩৩	
পারিচালন মুনাফা	৬৬,৪৮৪	৯২,১৫ ৪	৮৩,১২৮	১২৭,২১৬	৬২,৮৫৯	৪৩,১৬৬	
করপূর্ব মুনাফা	<i>৫৫</i> ,২8৬	৫ 8,৮ ১ ৫	७०,१०১	৫৫,৬৯০	৬২,৪১১	8 १,२१०	
করপরবর্তী মুনাফা	২৮,৯৭৪	২৪,৬৩৬	১ ২,৪২৮	২৭,২২৩	২৪,০২১	২৩,১৬৩	
শেয়ার প্রতি আয়	৩.৪৫	২.৯৩	১.৪৮	৩.২৪	২.৮৬	২.৭৬	
প্রতি শেয়ারের জন্য লভ্যাংশ	২.০০	২.০০	\$.60	২.০০	২.০০	২.০০	
আর্থিক তথ্য:							
মোট সম্পদ	১,৫৪৬,৩২২	১,৫৬৪,৭৩৩	১,২৮২,২৯৯	১,৩৮৮,৩৮৬	১,৪৬৫,২০৬	১,৩২৫,৩৪০	
সমপত্তি, যশ্ব্ৰপাতি ও যশ্ব্ৰাংশ-মোট	১,৪৫২,২৩৩	১, ৪০২, ৩ ৪৫	১,৩৯০,৪৪৩	১,৩৬০,৩৭১	১,৩৪৬,২৩১	১,৩৪৩,৩৯২	
সমপত্তি, যল্ক্রপাতি ও যল্ক্রাংশ-নীট	২১৫,৪৫৭	১৯৭,০৩১	২১৬,১৫৫	২২৪,১৪২	২৫০,৯৯২	২৯৬,১৬১	
মোট চলতি মূলধন	১,২১২,৭২১	১,২৫৯,৮১৮	৯৬৫,৩৩৭	১,০৫৮,৬২০	১,১०१,১१৯	৯৯৪,০৪৬	
নীট চলতি মূলধন	১৫৬,৮০১	২১২,৯২৯	১৯৭,৮৭৭	\$8 b,bb0	১১ ०,११৫	১১৫,৮৩৪	
চলতি মূলধন ঋণ	8৭,১০৯	-	২৪,২৬১	৩৮,৫২৪	৫৭,৯১১	১৬,১৭৮	
শেয়ার মূলধন	b8,000	78,000	78,000	68,000	78,000	b8,000	
শেয়ার প্রিমিয়াম	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$6,000	
সংরক্ষন এবং উদ্বত্ত	৩৭১,৭৭০	৩৫৯,৫৯৭	৩৪৭,৫৬০	৩৫১,২৪৭	৩৩৯,৬৩২	৩২৯,৯৬৪	
শেয়ার মালিকদের ইকুইটি	8৯০,৪০২	৪৬৯,৫১৬	৪৫৬,৭৭৮	৪৬৮,৯১৯	৪৬২,৪২৩	৪৪৩,১৮৩	
দীর্ঘ মেয়াদি ঋণ	৫২,৩ 80	১১৮,১২৬	৮১,১১৬	-	-	-	

২০. লভ্যাংশ:

কোম্পানীর পরিচালকমন্ডলী ২০২১-২০২২ হিসাব বছরে ১০/- (দশ) টাকার শেয়ারের জন্য ২.০০ টাকা হারে নগদ লভ্যাংশ প্রদানের সুপারিশ করছেন। এই বার্ষিক সাধারণ সভায় আপনাদের অনুমোদন সাপেক্ষে সেই সমস্ত শেয়ারহোল্ডারদের লভ্যাংশ প্রদান করা হবে যাদের নাম কোম্পানীর সদস্য বহিতে অথবা ডিপোজিটরিতে নভেম্বর ০৭, ২০২২ ইং তারিখে কার্য সমাপ্ত সময়ে অন্তর্ভুক্ত থাকবে।

২১. অন্তর্বতীকালীন লভ্যাংশ:

পরিচালনা পর্ষদ অন্তর্বর্তীকালীন সময়ে কোন বোনাস শেয়ার বা স্টক লভ্যাংশ ঘোষনা করেনি।

২২. বোর্ডের সভাঃ

এ বৎসর বোর্ডের ১১ (এগার) টি সভা অনুষ্ঠিত হয়েছে। পরিচালকগণের উপস্থিতির তালিকা নিম্নে প্রদত্ত হল:

প্রিচালকবৃন্দের নাম	সভায় উপস্থিতি
জনাব জাফর আহমেদ	৬
জনাব জহুর আহমেদ পিএইচডি	22
জনাব শাহরিয়ার আহমেদ	22

জনাব মাহির আহমেদ ৮
জনাব ইফাজ আহমেদ ৮
জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ
জনাব কাজী ফারুক কাদের

২৩. শেয়ারহোল্ডিংস সংক্রান্ত বিবরণ:

নাম অনুসারে বিবরণ শোয়ার সংখ্যা

ক) প্যারেন্ট/ সাবসিডিয়ারী/ এসোসিয়েটেড কোম্পানী এবং অন্যান্য সম্পর্কিত পার্টিসমূহ:

এপেক্স ফুডস্ লিমিটেড	২,২৬৩,২০০
এপেক্স ল্যানজারী লিমিটেড	\$89,000
এপেক্স ইয়ার্ন ডাইং লিমিটেড	১৩৬,৪০০

খ) পরিচালকবৃন্দ, প্রধান নির্বাহী কর্মকর্তা, কোম্পানী সচিব, প্রধান অর্থ কর্মকর্তা, অভ্যন্তরীণ নিরীক্ষা ও ক্মপ্লায়েন্স প্রধান:

জনাব জহুর আহমেদ পিএইচডি	পরিচালক	\$88,800
জনাব শাহরিয়ার আহমেদ	পরিচালক	98,600
জনাব মাহির আহমেদ	পরিচালক	84,500
জনাব ইফাজ আহমেদ	পরিচালক	8৬,৬০০
জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ	পরিচালক	-
জনাব কাজী ফারুক কাদের	স্বতন্ত্র পরিচালক	-
জনাব কামরুজ্জামান এফসিএ	প্রধান অর্থ কর্মকর্তা	-
জনাব মো: গোলাম কিবরিয়া এফসিএমএ	অভ্যন্তরীন নিরীক্ষা ও কমপ্লায়েন্স প্রধান	-
জনাব মো: দেলোয়ার হোসেন	ভারপ্রাপ্ত কোম্পানী সচিব	-

গ) উর্ধৃতন করপোরেট নির্বাহীগণ -

ঘ) কোম্পানীতে ১০ শতাংশ অথবা তার চেয়ে বেশী ভোটের অধিকারী শেয়ারহোন্ডার:

জনাব জহুর আহমেদ পিএইচডি ৯৪৪,৪০০ এপেক্স ফুডস লিমিটেড ২,২৬৩,২০০

২৪. কোম্পানীর পরিচালকবৃন্দের নিয়োগ/পুনঃ নিয়োগঃ

(১) জনাব মাহির আহমেদ এবং জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ কোম্পানীর সংঘবিধি মোতাবেক বোর্ড থেকে পদত্যাগ করেছেন এবং যোগ্য বিধায় পুনঃনির্বাচনের জন্য ইচ্ছা প্রকাশ করেছেন । জনাব মাহির আহমেদ এবং জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ এর বিস্তারিত বিবরণ নিমুরূপঃ-

(২)

১) জনাব মাহির আহমেদ:

- (৩) জনাব মাহির আহমেদ কানাডার টরেন্টো বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় থেকে জেনেটিকস ও বায়োটেকনোলোজিতে বিএসসি ডিগ্রী অর্জন করেন। শিক্ষা জীবন শেষে জনাব মাহির আহমেদ ২০১৪ সালে এই শিল্প গোষ্টীতে যোগদান করেন। তিনি ২০১৪ সাল থেকে এই খাতে কাজ করছেন। এই দীর্ঘ সময়ে তিনি এই শিল্প খাতে গভীর জ্ঞান অর্জন করেছেন।
- (৪) তিনি এই কোম্পানী ছাড়াও (১) এপেক্স ফুডস্ লিমিটেড, (২) এপেক্স ল্যানজারি লিমিটেড, (৩) এপেক্স ইয়ার্ন ডাইং লিমিটেড, (৪) এপেক্স টেক্সটাইল প্রিন্টিং মিলস্ লিমিটেড, (৫) এপেক্স ফ্যাশন ওয়্যার লিমিটেড (৬) ম্যাটেক্স বাংলাদেশ লিমিটেড (৭) এপেক্স বায়োফারটিরাইজার এবং বায়োপেস্টিসাইডস লিমিটেড (৮) এপেক্স কনভিনিয়েক্স ফুডস লিমিটেড ও (৯) এপেক্স এগ্রিসাইক্স লিমিটেড এর পরিচালক পদে নিযুক্ত আছেন।
- (৫) বর্তমানে তিনি বোর্ডের অন্য কোন কমিটির সদস্য হিসেবে নেই।

২) জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ:

জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ ইনভেষ্টমেন্ট কর্পোরেশন অব বাংলাদেশ (আইসিবি) এর মনোনীত পরিচালক । জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ এর বিস্তারিত বিবরণ নিমুরুপঃ

- ক) জনাব মো: রফিক উল্লাহ জানুয়ারী ৩০, ২০২০ সালে ইনভেষ্টমেন্ট কর্পোরেশন অব বাংলাদেশ (আইসিবি) এর মনোনীত পরিচালক হিসাবে এপেক্স স্পিনিং এন্ড নীটিং মিলস্ লিমিটেড এর পরিচালক পর্ষদে যোগদান করেন। তিনি ঢাকা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় হইতে স্নাতোকত্তর ডিগ্রি অর্জন করেন। তিনি আইবিবি হইতে ব্যাংকিং ডিপ্লোমাও অর্জন করেন। পড়াশোনা শেষে তিনি আইসিবিতে অফিসার পদে যোগদান করেন, তিনি দীর্ঘদিন ধরে বিভিন্ন গুরুত্বপূর্ণ পদে অধিষ্ঠিত থেকে জেনারেল ম্যানেজার পদ অবসর গ্রহন করেছেন। তিনি বিভিন্ন প্রতিষ্ঠান থেকে ট্রেনিং নেন তাদের মধ্যে বি আই বি এম থেকে বেসেল ii এর উপর প্রয়োগ এবং আই সি এস এম. থেকে বোর্ড ব্যবস্থাপনার উপর।
- খ) তিনি এই শিল্প খাত সম্পর্কে গভীর জ্ঞানের অধিকারী।
- গ) তিনি এই কোম্পানী ছাড়াও এস আলম কোল্ড রোলেড স্টিল লি: এবং বিডি থাই এলোমিনিয়াম লিমিটেড এর পরিচালক পদে নিযুক্ত আছেন।
- ঘ) বর্তমানে তিনি অডিট কমিটির একজন সদস্য।

২৫. ম্যানেজমেন্ট আলোচনা এবং বিশ্লেষণ যাহা ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিচালক কর্তৃক স্বাক্ষরিতঃ

ব্যবস্থাপনা পরিচালক কর্তৃক স্বাক্ষরিত ম্যানেজমেন্ট আলোচনা ও বিশ্লেষণ যা ম্যানেজমেন্ট আলোচনা এবং বিশ্লেষণ বিবৃতি হিসাবে বার্ষিক প্রতিবেদনে সংযুক্ত কোম্পানীর অবস্থান, অপারেশন এবং বিশদ বিশ্লেষণের প্রতিনিধিত্ব করে ।

২৬. এমডি এবং সিএফও কর্তৃক স্বাক্ষরিত বিবৃতি:

এমডি এবং সিএফও কর্তৃক স্বাক্ষরিত বিবৃতি অনুগ্রহপূর্বক পরিশিষ্ট -এ পড়ন।

২৭. কর্পোরেট গভর্নেন্স কমপ্লায়েন্স প্রতিবেদনঃ

বাংলাদেশ সিকিউরিটিজ এন্ড এক্সচেঞ্জ কমিশনের (বি.এস.ই.সি) চাহিদা অনুযায়ী কর্পোরেট গভর্নেন্স প্রতিবেদন পরিশিষ্ট বি ও সি সংযুক্ত করা হলো।

২৮. বিধিবদ্ধ নিরীক্ষকঃ

বাংলাদেশ সিকিউরিটিজ এন্ড এক্সচেঞ্জ কমিশনের আদেশ অনুযায়ী বর্তমান নিরীক্ষক, মেসার্স হুসাইন ফরহাদ এন্ড কোম্পানী, চার্টার্ড এ্যাকাউন্ট্যান্টস্ পর পর তিন বংসর নিরীক্ষা কার্য্য সম্পাদন করেছেন বিধায় অবসর গ্রহণ করছেন। যোগ্য বিধায় ২০২২- ২০২৩ হিসাব বংসরের জন্য মেসার্স মালেক সিদ্দিকী ওয়ালী, চার্টার্ড এ্যাকাউন্ট্যান্টস্ , তাহাদেরকে নিরীক্ষক নিয়োগের জন্য প্রস্তাব করেছেন।

২৯. কমপ্লায়েন্স নিরীক্ষকঃ

কমপ্লায়েন্স নিরীক্ষক নিয়োগর বিষয়ে বাংলাদেশ সিকিউরিটিজ এন্ড এক্সচেঞ্জ কমিশনের (বি.এস.ই.সি) চাহিদা অনুযায়ী, মেসার্স সিরাজ খাঁন এন্ড বসাক, চার্টার্ড এ্যাকাউন্ট্যান্টস্ যোগ্য বিধায় ২০২২-২০২৩ হিসাব বৎসরের কর্পোরেট গভর্নেন্স কমপ্লায়েন্স সনদ প্রদানের জন্য কমপ্লায়েন্স নিরীক্ষক হিসাবে, তাহাদেরকে নিয়োগের জন্য প্রস্তাব করেছেন।

৩০. বোর্ড পরিচালকদের সভা ঃ

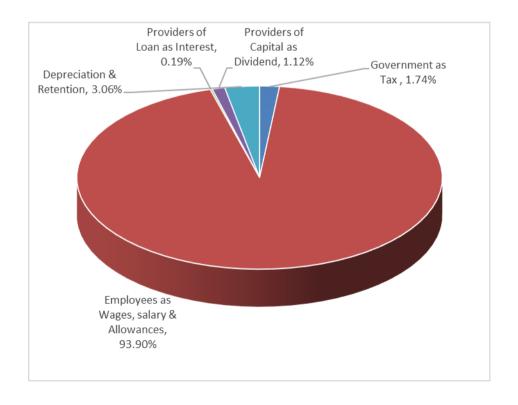
পরিচালকদের বোর্ড সভা এবং ইহার নথি সমূহের সংরক্ষণ ইনষ্টিটিউট অব চার্টার্ড সেক্রেটারীস অব বাংলাদেশ (আইসিএসবি) অনুসারে করা হয়েছে ।

স্থান : ঢাকা তারিখ: ১৬ অক্টোবর, ২০২২ বোর্ডের পক্ষে স্বা/-শাহরিয়ার আহমেদ ভারপ্রাপ্ত সভাপতি

VALUE ADDED STATEMENT

Value in Taka

PARTICULARS	2021-2022	%	2020-2021	%
_				
Revenue	4,560,329,755		4,007,756,310	
Less: Bought in Materials & Services	3,029,308,806		2,586,388,088	
Add/(less) : Indirect Income/(Loss)	(25,442,250)		9,659,069	
VALUE ADDED	1,505,578,699		1,431,027,291	
	=========		=======================================	
APPLICATIONS:				
Government as Tax	26,272,094	1.74	30,178,846	2.11
Employees as Salaries, Wages & Allowances	1,413,683,041	93.90	1,335,088,287	93.30
Providers of Loan as Interest	2,813,783	0.19	2,953,182	0.21
Providers of Capital as Dividend	16,800,000	1.12	16,800,000	1.17
Depreciation & Retention	46,009,781	3.06	46,006,977	3.21
	1,505,578,699	100.00	1,431,027,291	100.00
	========	=====	=======	=====



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the shareholders of APEX SPINNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited (hereinafter "ASKML"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of ASKML as at June 30, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the note nos. 40-41 wherein the basis for restatement has been described in respect of opening balance as on July 01, 2021 for the forfeited amount of the employer's contribution to the provident fund in its annual financial statements.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of the matter emphasized.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

Revenue recognition

At the year ended, the company's reported total revenue of Tk. 4,560,329,755.

Revenue is recognized when the amounts and the related costs are reliably measured, and the performance obligation is complete through passing of control to the customers. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized at the time when the goods are dispatched for delivery to the terminal.

We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter because revenue has wide influence on financial statements of ASKML and therefore there is an inherent risk of manipulation of the timing of recognition of revenue by management to meet specific targets or expectations.

We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:

- We assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition accounting policy in line with IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers:
- Performed walkthroughs to understand the adequacy and the design of the revenue cycle;
- Tested the internal controls over financial reporting on revenue,
- We assessed the existence and accuracy of the sales recorded, based among other things on inspection of sales contracts, final acceptances, sales invoices and goods delivery through applying sampling techniques;
- We performed substantive analytical to understand how revenue trends over the year among other parameters and performed a detailed testing on transactions around the year end, to test cut-off;
- We checked the issuance of VAT challan and monthly VAT return;
- We checked related LC documents;

Our substantive procedures in relation to the revenue recognition comprises the following:

- We understood, evaluated and validated the key controls related to the ASKML's sales process from end to end, from contracts approval and sign-off, recording of sales, goods dispatched, all the way through to cash receipts and customers' outstanding balances;
- We tested the completeness of journal entries compared to financial statements; as well as if there any exception existed that the debit accounts of sales recognition were not related to cash and bank, trade receivables or advances from

matters customers;
 We conducted substantive testing of
revenue recorded over the year using
sampling techniques, by examining the
relevant supporting documents including
sales invoices, outbound delivery note
and truck challans. We also confirmed
customer balances at the statement of
financial position date;
Obtaining supporting documentation for
sales transactions recorded either side of
year end as well as credit notes issued
after the year end date to determine
whether revenue was recognized in the
correct period; and
• Finally assessed the appropriateness and
presentation of disclosures against
relevant accounting Standards.

See note 32 to the financial statements

Valuation and existence of inventories

At year end, ASKML has inventories amounting to BDT 359,149,150 which amounted to 23.23% of the total assets. As per IAS 2, inventories are required to be valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories includes purchase cost and cost incurred in bringing inventories to its present location and condition.

ASKML values its inventories using the weighted average method which is a complex process and prone to errors and manipulation. Due to the complex nature of accounting for inventories, there is an increased risk of misstatement in valuation of inventory items.

IAS 2 defines inventories as assets which are: (a) held for sale in the ordinary course of business, (b) in the process of production for such sale, (c) in

With regard to appropriate valuation of inventories we adopted the following audit procedures:

- We observed ASKML's year-end inventory count, performed test counts and reconciled count sheet records to inventory valuation report in order to verify the existence of inventories reported in the accounts;
- We tested the purchase costs of a sample of inventory items by inspecting invoices and LC related documents;
- We assessed the components of the costs included within inventory items to ensure that they are in conformity with the requirements of IAS 2;
- We assessed the movement of inventories and analyzed whether closing inventories were valued using the weighted average method;
- We tested on a sample basis, the net realizable value by comparing costs to recent selling prices;
- We assessed the listing of the nature of items presented within inventories and analyzed whether they meet the

Key Audit Matter How our audit addressed the key audit matters definition of inventories; and the form of materials or supplies consumed in We read the disclosure made by the production process or rendering ASKML for compliance with disclosure of services. There was therefore a requirements. risk that assets which do not meet the definition of inventories have been improperly classified as inventory items.

See note 13 to the financial statements

Property, Plant and Equipment

The carrying value of property, plant and equipment amounts to BDT 215,457,313. This represents a significant amount in the company's statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022.

There is a risk of:

- ✓ determining which costs meet the criteria for capitalization;
- ✓ determining the date on which the assets is recognized to property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences;
- ✓ the estimation of economic useful lives and residual values assigned to Fixed asset.

We identified the carrying value of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because of the high level of management judgment involved and because of its significance to the financial statements.

Our substantive audit procedures to assess the carrying value of property, plant and equipment included the following:

- Assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the completeness, existence and accuracy of property, plant and equipment including the key internal controls over the estimation of useful economic lives and residual values;
- Assessing, on a sample basis, costs capitalized during the year by comparing the costs capitalized with the relevant underlying documentation, which included purchase agreements and invoices, and assessing whether the costs capitalized met the relevant criteria for capitalization;
- Testing the key controls over the management's judgment in relation to the accounting estimates of the depreciable lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment;
- Reconcile on a sample basis the additional capitalized costs for the year to the underlying invoices and supporting documents;
- We reviewed minutes of board meetings for approval of the total capitalization cost;
- We assessed the company's capitalizations policy for compliance with IAS 16 and tested the expenditure capitalized against the capitalizations policy;
- We traced payments to supporting documents; and
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures of the financial statements.

Key Audit Matter How our

How our audit addressed the key audit matters

See note no 8 to the financial statements.

Measurement and recognition of deferred tax

Company reported net deferred tax asset BDT 877,805 as at June 30, 2022. Significant judgment is required in relation to deferred tax asset as their asset is dependent on forecasts of future profitability over a number of years.

Our audit procedures to assess the carrying value of deferred tax asset included the following:

- We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operational effectiveness of the company's key controls over the recognition and measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities and the assumptions used in estimating the future taxable income and expense of the company.
- We also assessed the completeness and accuracy of the data used for the estimations of future taxable income and expense.
- We tested the mathematical accuracy in calculation of deferred tax.
- We evaluated the reasonableness of key assumptions, timing of reversal of temporary differences and expiration of tax gain carry forwards, recognition and measurement of deferred tax asset.
- We assessed the adequacy of the company's disclosures setting out the basis of deferred tax asset balances and the level of estimation involved.
- We also assisted in evaluating the tax implications, the reasonableness of estimations and calculations determined by management.
- We also involved our internal experts from the tax area in the analysis of the reasonableness of the tax assumptions on the basis of the applicable legislation.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit
	matters
	Finally assessed the appropriateness and
	presentation of disclosures against IAS 12
	Income Taxes.

See note no 24 to the financial statements.

Legal and regulatory matters

We focused on this area because ASKML operate in a legal and regulatory environment that is exposed to significant litigation and similar risks arising from disputes and regulatory proceedings. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties and the outcome may be difficult to predict.

These uncertainties inherently affect the amount and timing of potential outflows with respect to the provisions which have been established and other contingent liabilities.

Overall, the legal provision represents best estimate for existing legal matters that have a probable and estimable impact on financial position.

We have obtained and understanding, evaluate the design and tested the operational effectiveness of key controls over the legal provisions and contingencies process.

We enquired to those charged with governance to obtain their view on the status of all significant litigation and regulatory matters.

We enquired internal legal counsel for all significant litigation and regulatory matters and inspected internal notes and reports.

We assessed the methodologies on which the provision amounts are based, recalculated the provisions, and tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

After going through the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS, the Companies Act, 1994, the Securities and

Exchange Rules, 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing ASKML's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate ASKML or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing ASKML's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ASKML's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on ASKML's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause ASKML to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements

represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules, 1987, we also report the following:

- a) we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) in our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of these books;
- c) the statement of financial position and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of accounts and returns; and
- d) the expenditure incurred was for the purposes of the ASKML's business.

Firm Name : Hussain Farhad & Co., Chartered Accountants

Registration No : 4/452/ICAB-84

Signature of the auditor : **Sd/**

Name of the auditor : A.K.M Fazlul Haque FCA, Partner/Enrollment No: 1090

DVC No. : 2210171090AS678299

Place: Dhaka

Dated: 17 October, 2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Notes	30.06.2022	30.06.2021**	Value in Taka 01.07.2020
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets:		333,601,012	304,915,606	316,962,280
Property, Plant and Equipment	8	215,457,313	197,030,645	216,154,958
Investment	9	32,356,025	22,674,925	21,896,375
Investment in Financial Assets	10	74,853,516	72,779,305	68,854,594
Right-of-Use (ROU) Asset	11	-	2,374,378	-
Deferred Tax Assets	24	877,805	-	-
Security Deposits	12	10,056,353	10,056,353	10,056,353
Current Assets:		1,212,721,351	1,259,817,702	965,336,896
Inventories	13	359,149,150	338,467,250	332,107,738
Trade Receivables	14	502,574,534	486,617,721	422,627,419
Advances, Deposits & Prepayments	15	90,960,005	51,248,125	41,745,785
Other Receivables	16	30,162,658	11,929,614	8,207,947
Margin on Acceptance	17	217,783,009	213,305,908	146,051,685
Cash & Cash Equivalents	18	12,091,995	158,249,084	14,596,322
TOTAL ASSETS		1,546,322,363 =======	1,564,733,308 =======	1,282,299,176 =======
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Shareholders' Equity:		490,402,328	469,515,570	456,778,576
Share Capital	19	84,000,000	84,000,000	84,000,000
Share Premium	20	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000
Reserve and Surplus	21	371,770,484	359,596,717	347,560,417
Fair Valuation Surplus of Investment	22	19,631,844	10,918,853	10,218,159
Non-Current Liabilities:		<u> </u>	48,328,254	58,060,301
Long Term Loan	23	-	44,161,961	54,077,008
Deferred Tax Liabilities	24	-	4,166,293	3,983,293
Current Liabilities:		1,055,920,035	1,046,889,484	767,460,299
Working Capital Loan	25	47,109,421	-	24,261,494
Long Term Loan-Current Maturity	26	52,340,102	73,963,783	27,038,504
Lease Liability	27	-	2,906,108	-
Short Term Loan	28	15,548,156	49,575,624	70,228,085
Trade Payables	29	795,785,359	793,081,920	497,208,105
Other Payables	30	144,057,767	117,878,293	139,420,122
Unclaimed Dividend Account	31	1,079,230	9,483,756	9,303,988
Total Liabilities		<u>1,055,920,035</u>	<u>1,095,217,738</u> 	<u>825,520,600</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,546,322,363 =======	1,564,733,308 =======	1,282,299,176 =======
Net Assets Value (NAV) Per Share	44	58.38	55.81	54.17
Net Assets Value (NAV) Per Share**		-	55.89	54.38

^{**} Restated

Annexed notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Sd/
Zahur Ahmed PhD
Managing Director
Signed in terms of our report of even date.

Sd/
Shahriar Ahmed
Director

Place: Dhaka

Date: October 17, 2022

DVC No. 2210171090AS678299

Sd/ Kamruzzaman FCA Chief Financial Officer

Sd/ Hussain Farhad & Co. Chartered Accountants

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Notes	2021-2022	Value in Taka 2020-2021
REVENUE	32	4,560,329,755	4,007,756,310
Cost of Goods Sold	33	(4,288,787,432)	(3,747,742,129)
GROSS PROFIT		271,542,323	260,014,182
OPERATING EXPENSES:		(205,058,261)	(167,860,163)
Other Operating Income/(Loss)	35	(31,559,461)	3,940,295
Administrative & Selling Overhead	36	(173,498,800)	(171,800,457)
OPERATING PROFIT		66,484,061	92,154,019
Finance & Other Income	37	6,117,211	5,718,775
Financial Expenses	38	(15,988,535)	(41,885,834)
PROFIT BEFORE WPPF		56,612,737	55,986,960
Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)	42	(1,366,876)	(1,171,814)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		55,245,862	54,815,146
Tax Expenses:	39	(26,272,094)	(30,178,846)
Current Tax		(32,284,303)	(30,073,700)
Deferred Tax Income/(Expenses)	24	6,012,209	(105,146)
NET PROFIT AFTER TAX Other comprehensive income:		28,973,768	24,636,300
Fair valuation surplus/(deficit) of investment	22	8,712,990	700,695
Fair valuation surplus/(deficit) during the year		9,681,100	778,550
Less: Deferred tax income/(expense)		(968,110)	(77,855)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		37,686,758	25,336,995
Basic Earnings Per Share (EPS)	43	3.45	2.93

Annexed notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Sd/
Zahur Ahmed PhD
Managing Director
Sd/
Shahriar Ahmed
Director
Sd/
Kamruzzaman FCA
Chief Financial Officer

Signed in terms of our report of even date.

Sd/ Hussain Farhad & Co. Chartered Accountants

Place: Dhaka Date: October 17,2022

DVC No. 2210171090AS678299

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITYFOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Value in Taka

Particulars	Share	Share	Tax	Retained	Capital	Fair	Total
	Capital	Premium	Holiday Reserve	Earnings	Gain	Valuation Surplus	
As at June 30, 2021	84,000,000	15,000,000	129,700,699	227,144,199	2,751,818	10,918,854	469,515,570
Net profit after tax for the year	-	-	-	28,973,768	-	-	28,973,768
Dividend Paid for the year 2020-2021	-	-	-	(16,800,000)	-	-	(16,800,000)
Fair valuation surplus/(deficit) of investment	1	1	-	-	-	8,712,990	8,712,990
As at June 30, 2022	84,000,000	15,000,000	129,700,699	239,317,967	2,751,818	19,631,844	490,402,328

APEX SPINNING & KNITTING MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Value in Taka

Particulars	Share	Share	Tax	Retained	Capital	Fair	Total
	Capital	Premium	Holiday Reserve	Earnings	Gain	Valuation Surplus	
As at June 30, 2020	84,000,000	15,000,000	129,700,699	214,422,125	2,751,818	10,218,159	456,092,801
Prior Year Adjustment**	-	-	-	685,774	-	-	685,774
Restated Balance as on 01.07.2020	84,000,000	15,000,000	129,700,699	215,107,900	2,751,818	10,218,159	456,778,576
Net profit after tax for the year	ı	=	•	24,636,300	-	-	24,636,300
Dividend Paid for the year 2019-2020	-	-	-	(12,600,000)	-	-	(12,600,000)
Fair valuation surplus/(deficit) of investment	1	-	-	-	-	700,695	700,695
As at June 30, 2021	84,000,000	15,000,000	129,700,699	227,144,199	2,751,818	10,918,854	469,515,570

^{**}Please see the notes # 40-41.

Annexed notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Sd/
Zahur Ahmed PhDSd/
Shahriar AhmedSd/
Kamruzzaman FCAManaging DirectorDirectorChief Financial Officer

Signed in terms of our report of even date.

Sd/ Hussain Farhad & Co. Chartered Accountants

Place: Dhaka

Date: October 17,2022

DVC NO. 2210171090AS678299

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Value in Taka
Notes	2021-2022	2020-2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Collection from revenue	4,526,168,171	3,944,356,119
Financial income from SND A/C	355	4,742
Other income from operational foreign exchange		
gain/(loss)	797,828	(4,075)
Received from PF Lapse Received from Sale of wastage goods/Items	1,411,329 1,624,779	3,805,466
Bank charges & commission	(20,175,781)	(22,363,843)
Income tax paid during the year	` ′	(32,625,469)
Payment for costs and expenses	(40,289,206)	` ' '
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities (a)	(4,467,943,207) 1,594,267	(3,671,195,456) 221,977,483
	1,334,207	221,977,403
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(40,000,202)	(14,393,414)
Property, plant and equipment acquired Received from Sale of Assets	(49,888,303)	1,000,000
Advance against Purchase of Fixed Assets	(4,203,559)	-
Investment in Financial Assets	(2,074,211)	(3,924,712)
Financial Income from FDRs	2,304,678	4,360,791
Income from dividend	1,766,453	1,110,647
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing		
activities (b)	(52,094,943)	(11,846,688)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Working capital loan received/(repaid)	47,109,421	(24,261,493)
Long term loan received/(repaid)	(65,785,642)	36,649,716
Short term loan received/(repaid)	(34,500,917)	(20,652,462)
Dividend paid during the year	(25,204,526)	(12,420,232)
Payment of lease liability	(2,971,655)	(4,669,744)
Interest & other financial charges paid	(15,449,539)	(41,072,600)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (c) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (a+b+c)	(96,802,858) (147,303,534)	(66,426,816) 143,703,979
Cash and cash equivalents on opening	158,249,084	14,596,322
The effect of foreign exchange translation (loss)/gain	1,146,444	(51,217)
Cash and cash equivalents on closing	<u>12,091,995</u>	<u>158,249,084</u>
Net Operating Cash Flows Per Share 45	0.19	26.43
A managed matery forms are intermed mant of these a Financial Ctatana anto		

Annexed notes form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Sd/ Zahur Ahmed PhD	Sd/ Shahriar Ahmed	Sd/ Kamruzzaman FCA
Managing Director	Director	Chief Financial Officer
Signed in terms of our report of even date.		

Place: Dhaka Sd/ Date: October 17,2022 Hus

Date: October 17,2022 Hussain Farhad & Co. DVC NO. 2210171090AS678299 Chartered Accountants

- There is significant variance in net operating cash flows as compared to the last year. The Net Operating Cash Flows per Share is Tk. 0.19 but it was Tk. 26.43 in 2020-2021 which is mainly for increasing of cost & expenses as compare to last year.
- Please refer to Annexure-2 for Reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities under direct method and indirect method as per requirement of Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission (BSEC).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. The company and its operation

1.01 Legal Form of the Enterprise:

The Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited is a Public Limited Company registered under the Companies Act, 1913 (repealed in 1994). The Company was incorporated in Bangladesh vide RJSC Registration no. C-20149 dated on 25.11.1990. Shares of the Company are listed in the Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. and Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd. in Bangladesh.

1.02 Address of Registered Office and Factory:

The Registered Office of the Company is located at Shanta Skymark (8th to 13th Floor), 18 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212 and the Factory is located at Ward # 07, Holdings # D-81, Chandora, P.O. Chandora, P.S. Kaliakoir, Dist. Gazipur-1751, Bangladesh.

1.03 Nature of Business Activities:

The Company owns and operates a 100% export oriented vertically integrated knitting, dyeing & finishing and garment factory.

2. Basis of the preparation of the Financial Statements:

2.01 Accounting Convention and Basis:

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the Historical Cost Convention, Accrual and Going Concern basis in accordance with applicable International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and other laws and rules applicable in Bangladesh.

2.02 Current and Non-current assets and liabilities:

The company presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating circle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating circle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting periods

The company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current assets/liabilities.

2.03 Application of International Accounting Standards (IAS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS):

We have complied the following IAS & IFRS as applicable for the financial statements for the year under review:

IAS-1	Presentation of Financial Statements	Complied with
IAS-2	Inventories	Complied with
IAS-7	Statement of Cash Flows	Complied with
IAS-8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and errors	Complied with
IAS-10	Events after the Reporting Period	Complied with
IAS-12	Income Taxes	Complied with
IAS-16	Property, Plant and Equipment	Complied with
IAS-21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	Complied with
IAS-23	Borrowing Costs	Complied with
IAS-24	Related Party Disclosures	Complied with
IAS-33	Earnings Per Share	Complied with
IAS-36	Impairment of Assets	Complied with
IAS-37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	Complied with
IFRS-07	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	Complied with
IFRS-09	Financial Instruments	Complied with
IFRS-15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	Complied with
IFRS-16	Leases	Complied with

2.04 Compliance with local laws:

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with requirements of the Companies Act 1994, The Securities & Exchange Rules, 2020, The Income Tax Ordinance, 1984, The Income Tax Rule 1984, The VAT & Supplementary Duty Act 2012, The VAT & Supplementary Duty Rule 2016 and other relevant local laws and rules.

2.05 Going Concern:

The Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for foreseeable future and hence, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

3. Significant Accounting Policy:

3.01 Property, Plant and Equipment:

i. Recognition and measurement:

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

ii. Subsequent costs

Subsequent to initial recognition, cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are charged in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as they are incurred.

iii. Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated and charged under diminishing balance method on all fixed assets other than land. Depreciation has been charged on additions made during the year from the month in which those assets are ready to use. The Company is following this policy consistently from past years.

The estimated useful lives and the rates of residual value of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative years are as follows:

Factory Building	20 %
Civil Construction	10 %
Plant & Machinery	20 %
Effluent Treatment Plant	20%
Gas Installation	15%
Electric Installation	15%
Boiler	15 %
Generator	15 %
Water Treatment Plant	20%
Factory Equipment	15 %
Other Equipment	15 %
Deep Tube-well & Tanks	15%
Motor Vehicles	20 %
Furniture & Fixtures	10 %
Laboratory Equipment	15%
Office Equipment	15 %
Motor Cycles	20%

iv. Impairment

The carrying amount of the entity's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets (considered as disclosed separately under respective accounting standards), are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. However, no such conditions that might be suggestive of a heightened risk of impairment of assets existed at the reporting date.

An impairment loss is recognized through the statement of comprehensive income whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows that will be generated by the use of that asset, discounted at an appropriate rate.

Impairment indicators comprise:

- reduced earnings compared to expected future outcome; - material negative development trends in the sector or the economy in which the Company operates; - damage to the asset or changed use of asset;

v. Retirement and disposals:

An asset is derecognized on disposal or when no further economic benefits are expected from its use. Gain or loss on disposal of an asset is determined as the difference of net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized as gain or loss from disposal of asset under other income/expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Depreciation is charged before the month of disposal of assets. During the period ended 30th June, 2022, there was no fixed assets sold.

3.02 Inventories:

Inventories in hand as at 30th June, 2022 have been valued at lower of cost and net realizable value in accordance with IAS 2 "Inventories" after making due allowance for any obsolete or slow-moving items.

The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location & condition.

3.03 Investments:

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

There was no material impact of adopting IFRS 9 on the company's statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022 and its statement of profit or loss and OCI for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended.

IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, FVOCI and FVTPL. The classification of financial assets under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 eliminates the previous IAS 39 categories of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale. Under IFRS 9, derivatives embedded in contracts where the host is a financial asset in the scope of the standard are never separated. Instead, the hybrid financial instrument as a whole is assessed for classification.

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

The adoption of IFRS 9 has not had a significant effect on the company's accounting policies related to financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments (for derivatives that are used as hedging instruments).

Investment in Marketable Securities

Investment is initially recognized at cost including acquisition charges with the investment. After initial recognition, the investment in marketable securities have been valued at market price and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Investment in non-marketable securities have been valued at cost.

3.04 Cash and cash equivalent:

According to IAS-7 'Statement of Cash Flows' comprise of cash-in-hand and Bank deposits in the currency of BDT & USD. Presentation of Financial Statements' provides that cash and cash equivalents are not restricted in use. Considering the provisions of IAS-7 and IAS-1, Cash in hand and Bank balances have been considered as cash and cash equivalents.

3.05 Lease:

The Company has shifted its corporate office to new address at Shanta Skymark, 18 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan Dhaka-1212 on 1st January, 2022 which is free from office rent due to use of personal assets of Directors of the company vide agreement dated on 1st January, 2022. As the office space is free from rent as per agreement and the management will not claim the office rent by any means, the Company is not ascertaining any right of use assets (ROU) and lease liabilities in the statement of financial position of the company as at 30th June, 2022.

Moreover, the Company had complied with the requirements of IFRS 16 till the office rent agreement on 31st December, 2021 for rented office at Rupayan Golden Age, 5th & 6th Floor, 99 Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212.

3.06 Taxation:

Provision for income tax has been made as per requirements of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984 and Income Tax Rules, 1984.

3.07 Income Tax:

The company is a Public Limited and 100% export oriented (Knit Garments) company, the applicable tax rate is 12.00% on business/operating profit (as per SRO no. 158/AIN/Income Tax/2022 dated 01 June, 2022. All other income will be taxed on the provisions mentioned in the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984. The tax expense has been made based on the highest of 12% on business/operating profit or TDS on export proceeds realized or tax on gross receipts during the period U/S 82C and provision has been made accordingly. However, the tax expense has been made @ 20.00% on finance & other income realized, operating exchange gain/(loss) and 20.00% on dividend income realized, 10% on cash incentive realized as per provision of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984 and Income Tax Rules, 1984 and provision has been made accordingly.

3.08 Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities have been accounted for in accordance with IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

Deferred tax arises due to all temporary difference, deductible or taxable for the events or transactions recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. A temporary difference is the difference between the tax base of an asset or liability and its carrying amount/reported amount in the financial statements.

Deferred tax asset or liability is the amount of income tax paid/payable or adjustable/recoverable in future period(s) recognized in the current period.

The deferred tax asset/income or liability/expense does not create a legal liability/recoverability to and from the income tax authority.

3.09 Trade Receivables:

These are considered good and realizable. Export bills receivables are stated at the original invoice value.

3.10 Payables and Accrued Expenses:

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed by the suppliers.

3.11 Earnings Per Share:

The Company calculates Earnings Per Share (EPS) in accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings Per Share" which has been shown on the face of statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the computation of EPS is stated in Note 43.

3.11(i) Basic Earnings

This represents earnings for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders. There was no preference dividend and minority interest. The net profit after tax for the year has been considered as fully attributable to the ordinary shareholders.

3.11(ii) Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares Outstanding during the Year

This represents the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year plus the number of ordinary shares issued during the year multiplied by a time-weighting factor. The time-weighting factor is the number of days the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the period.

3.11(iii) Basic Earnings Per Share

This has been calculated by dividing the basic earnings by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.11(iv) Diluted Earnings per Share

No diluted EPS is required to be calculated for the year, as there was no scope for dilution during the year under review.

3.12 Statement of Cash Flows:

Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared in accordance with IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and the cash flows from the operating activities have been presented under direct method as required by the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and considering the provisions of paragraph 19 of IAS 7 which provides that "Entities are Encouraged to Report Cash Flows from Operating Activities using the Direct Method". Reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities under direct method and indirect method has been given in Annexure -1.

3.13 Foreign Exchange:

Foreign currencies are converted into Bangladesh Taka at the rates ruling on the date of transaction and the balance in hand at the close of the business, at the rate prevailing on the Statement of Financial Position date in accordance with IAS 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates". The closing conversion rate was Tk. 92.50 & Tk. 93.50 per US Dollar for monetary items of assets & liabilities respectively.

3.14 Revenue Recognition:

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaced IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. Under IFRS 15, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of the goods or services. Determining the timing of the transfer of control – at a point in time or over time – requires judgment.

Exports are made against confirmed L/C and firm contracts. The sale proceeds are accounted for upon shipments and after satisfying all the conditions for revenue recognition as provided in IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

3.15 Other Income Recognition:

Other income comprises interest income on SND account, interest income from FDR, Dividend income, PF lapse (Employer Portion) & sale of wastage goods. Other Incomes have been recognized on accrual basis.

3.16 Employee Benefit Obligations:

i. Short-term benefits:

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related services are provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term incentive bonus or Group Insurance Scheme if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

ii. Defined contributions plan:

Provident Fund

The Company operates a provident fund for its permanent employees. Members, on confirmation, in regular employment of the Company, are required by the Company to join the provident fund to which members contribute 7.00% of their basic salaries and the Company makes a matching contribution. The Fund is managed by a Board of Trustees.

The Company recognizes the contribution to the defined contribution plan as an expense when an employee has rendered services in exchange for those contributions. The legal and constructive obligation is limited to this amount and it agrees to the fund contribution.

iii. Non-recognition of Workers' Profit Participation and Welfare Fund (WPP & WF):

We are 100% export oriented Readymade Garment Industry (RMG) and as per Labour Act 2006 section 232(3) (amendment in 2013), Labour Rules, 2015 Chapter-xv from section 212-226, Government framed a central fund and also provision made in rule 214 (1) ka for realization of 0.03% from export proceeds while realization. As a result, WPP & WF @ 5% on profit is not required to make provision for our company as our company is making payment through bank to the said central fund for participation of workers in the profit of company.

3.17 Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are required to settle the obligation, the provisions are reversed.

3.18 Contingencies:

i. Contingent liability

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

The Company discloses contingent liability in the financial statements. A provision is recognised in the period in which the recognition criteria of provision is met.

ii. Contingent Asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent asset must not be recognised. Only when the realisation of the related economic benefits is virtually certain should recognition take place provided that it can be measured reliably because, at that point, the asset is no longer contingent.

3.19 Risk and uncertainties for use of estimates in preparation of financial statements:

In preparing these financial statements, management makes judgments, estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses during the year have been reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recorded in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgment in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are included in the following notes:

Note – 8 Property, Plant and Equipment

Note – 11 & 27 Right of Use Assets & Lease Obligation

Note - 13 Inventories

Note - 14 Trade Receivables

Note - 24 Deferred Tax Liability

Note - 29 Trade Payables

Note – 30 Other Payables

Note – 39 Tax Expenses

3.20 Materiality and Aggregation

Each material item as considered by management to be significant has been presented separately in financial statements. No amount has been set off unless the company has the legal right to set off the amounts and intends to settle on net basis. Income and expenditure are presented on a net off basis only when permitted by the relevant accounting standards.

3.21 Events after the reporting period:

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the company's position at the statement of financial position date are reflected in the financial statements as per International Accounting Standards (IAS) 10: Events after the Reporting Period.

All material events occurring after the balance sheet date have been considered and where necessary, adjusted for or disclosed.

3.22 General:

- Auditors are paid only statutory audit fee approved by the shareholders in the last AGM.
- Figures appearing the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.
- Figures have been restated whenever necessary to conform to the current year's presentation.

4 Financial Risk Management:

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's financial risk management. The responsibility also includes developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. To assist the Board in discharging its oversight responsibility, management has been made responsible for identifying, monitoring and managing the Company's financial risk exposures. The Company's exposure to the risks associated with the financial instruments and the risk management policies and procedures are summarized as follows:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk
- Price Risk
- Interest Rate Risk
- Currency Risk

4.01 Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry. As the Company is 100% export oriented so the major customers of the Company are in Germany, USA, Poland, UK, Italy, Sweden, China and Spain.

The Trade Receivable are due from foreign customers for export. The balance from foreign customers are secured against firm contracts/letters of credit. Management assesses the credit quality of foreign customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. As at the balance sheet date, there are no past due. Trade Receivable balances as on 30.06.2022 has subsequently been fully realized. For bank balances, financial institutions with strong credit ratings are accepted. Credit risk on bank balances is limited as these are placed with banks having good credit ratings.

4.02 Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity (Investment in Financial Assets, cash and cash equivalents) is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation. Typically, the company ensures that it has sufficient Investment in Financial Assets & cash and cash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses, including financial obligation through preparation of the cash flow forecast, prepared based on time line of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/fund to make the expected payment within due date.

In extreme stressed conditions, the company may get support from the related company in the form of short term financing but till to date this was not required as the Company has not faced such a situation.

4.03 Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing returns.

4.04 Price Risk:

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The company does not have any significant financial instrument that expose the price risk.

4.05 Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates on borrowing. There was no such foreign currency loan which is subject to floating rates of interest. Local loans are, however, not significantly affected by fluctuations in interest rates. The Company has not entered into any type of derivative instrument in order to hedge interest rate risk as at the reporting date.

4.06 Currency Risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered in foreign currencies. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases, which, are entered in a currency other than BDT. The foreign currency transactions are mainly occurred in USD and during the year under review the conversion rate of USD into BDT have not fluctuate materially.

4. Capital Risk Management:

The objective of the Company when managing capital, i.e., its shareholders' equity is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses. The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

5. Operating segments:

- These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment.
- All non-current assets of the Company as at 30th June 2022 are located in Bangladesh.

6. Others:

6.01 Comparative information

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect to the year 2020-2021 for all numerical information of the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current periods financial statements as per IAS 1 para 41 and also third statement of financial position has been disclosed according to Para 40A of IAS 1.

6.02 Reporting currency and level of precision:

The figures in the financial statements represent Bangladesh Currency (Taka), which have been rounded-off to nearest Taka.

6.03 Reporting period:

Financial Statements of the Company cover a year from 1st July 2021 to 30th June 2022.

6.04 Components of the Financial Statements:

The Financial Statements include the following components as per IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements".

- i) Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June, 2022
- ii) Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30th June, 2022
- iii) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30th June, 2022
- iv) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30th June, 2022 and
- v) Notes, comprising significant accounting policies and explanatory information.

7. Authorization of the Financial Statements:

Financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company in its Board Meeting held on 16 October, 2022.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT: Cost:	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Opening Balance Add: Addition during the year Less: Disposal during the year	1,402,344,572 49,888,303	1,390,443,190 14,393,414 2,492,032
Accumulated Depreciation:	1,452,232,875 ======	1,402,344,572 ======
Opening Balance	1,205,313,927	1,174,288,232
Add: Addition during the year	31,461,635	33,421,919
Less: Disposal during the year	-	2,396,224
	1,236,775,562	1,205,313,927 ======
Written Down Value as on 30.06.2022	215,457,313 =======	197,030,645 ======
	• .	
<u>Depreciation char</u>	-	
Manufacturing Accounts	29,335,095	32,123,843
Profit & Loss Accounts	<u>2,126,540</u>	<u>1,298,076</u>
	<u>31,461,635</u>	<u>33,421,919</u>
Details in annexure-1		
9. INVESTMENT:(i) Apex Foods Limited (Public Limited Company)	30,786,575	21,105,475
 (Total number of Shares 169,250 and Total cost of Shares Tk. 8,973,4 (ii) Central Depositary Bangladesh Limited (571,181 Share of Tk. 10/- each including 414,236 Bonu 	1,569,450	1,569,450
Shares and 56,945 Right Shares @ Tk. 10/- each.)		
	32,356,025 ======	22,674,925 ======
Market Price of Listed Company Shares		
 Apex Foods Limited Investment in shares of Apex Foods Limited has been va IFRS -9 "Financial Instruments." 	181.90 lued at market price in a	124.70 accordance with
10. INVESTMENT IN FINANCIAL ASSETS:		

Fixed deposits with EBL 74,853,516 72,779,305

• FDR's are made for more than one year i.e. 380 days.

11.

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
RIGHT -OF -USE ASSETS:		
Cost:		
Opening Balance	7,123,135	-
Add: Addition during the year	-	7,123,135
Less: Adjustment during the year	-	-
	7,123,135	7,123,135
A constant to the constant of	=======	=======
Accumulated Depreciation:		
Opening Balance	4,748,757	-
Add: Addition during the year**	2,374,378	4,748,757
Less: Disposal during the year	-	-
	7,123,135	4,748,757
	=======	=======
Written Down Value as on 30.06.2022	-	2,374,378
	=======	=======

- This represents the application of IFRS 16. The lease period has already been expired on 31st December, 2021.
- ** Depreciation during the period has been shown in administrative & Selling Overhead.

12. SECURITY DEPOSITS:

	=======	=======
	10,056,353	10,056,353
Security Deposits for TNT & Mobile	9,000	9,000
Security Deposits for Office Rent	405,000	405,000
Guarantee Margin to EBL for TGTDCL	1,607,053	1,607,053
Security Deposits to TGTDCL	8,035,300	8,035,300

Security deposits are made to above statutory bodies and hence secured.

13. INVENTORIES:

Finished Goods	Quar	ntity		
T Shirts	27,551	Doz	48,386,256	46,370,810
			48,386,256	46,370,810
Work in Process				
Dyed Fabric	102,344	Kg	89,207,957	26,573,543
Knitted Fabric	15,547	Kg	8,178,272	3,168,403
Garments & Fabrics (966,827 Mtr,		_		
25,379 kg fabrics)	43,432	Doz	70,802,083	89,537,537
			168,188,312	119,279,483
Raw Materials				
Yarn	123,176	Kg	77,492,235	109,775,571
Dyes & Chemicals	75,288	Kg	31,169,492	49,262,635
•		_	108,661,727	159,038,206
Accessories			33,912,855	13,778,751
			359,149,150	338,467,250
			=======	=======

- The above Inventories are as per physical checking made, valued and counted by Inventory team consists of Management staff and Internal Auditors.
- Inventories in hand have been valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.
- Inventories are hypothecated against working capital loan facilities from the Banks.

30.06.2022 30.06.2021

14. TRADE RECEIVABLES:

Export Bills Receivable 502,574,534 486,617,721

• Trade receivables are considered good. The ageing of the trade receivables is given below:

Ageing of the trade receivable	Amount (Tk.)	Amount (Tk.)
30 Days	393,679,585	351,655,305
60 Days	108,712,169	126,435,187
90 Days	182,780	8,527,229
	502,574,534	486,617,721
	=======	=======

- Trade receivables are good & realized in full subsequently.
- No balance with related parties & directors.
- Trade receivables are hypothecated against working capital loan facilities from the Banks.

15. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS:

Advance Income Tax Deposits to Multi Securities & Services Ltd.	Note # 15.a	85,833,594 447	45,544,389 897
Advance against expenses		5,125,963	5,702,839
		90,960,005	51,248,125
		=======	=======
15. a ADVANCE INCOME TAX:			
Opening Balance		45,544,388	36,167,128
Add: Paid during the year		40,289,206	32,625,469
Less: Adjustment during the year		-	(23,248,208)
		05.000.504	45.544.000
Closing Balance		85,833,594	45,544,389
		=======	========

- No amount was due by Directors and other Officers of the Company or by Associated Undertaking.
- All advance against expenses are adjusted regularly and considered good.

16. OTHER RECEIVABLES:

Closing Balance	957,657 ======	2,268,546 ======
Less: Received during the year	(1,411,329)	(3,805,466)
Add: Additional during the year	100,440	87,536
Add: Restated Amount	-	857,217
16.a PF LAPSE RECEIVABLE: Opening Balance	2,268,546	5,129,259
	=======	=======
	30,162,658	11,929,614
Receivable Against Interest on Stimulus Package	446,056	808,229
PF lapse receivable (employer portion) note 16.a	957,657	2,268,546
FDRs Interest receivable	1,005,845	685,338
Cash incentive receivable	27,753,100	8,167,500

Cash incentive receivable represents receivable from Bangladesh Bank. The amount has subsequently been received from the Bangladesh Bank through Eastern Bank Limited.

- The ageing of the Cash incentive receivable is maximum 06 (Six) months.
- FDR's interest receivable represents the provision of interest receivable on FDR's up to 30.06.2022.

• Lapse amount including prior year of BDT 957,657/- of employer's contribution to provident fund has been accounted for according to IAS 1.

<u>30.06.2022</u> <u>30.06.2021</u>

17. MARGIN ON ACCEPTANCE:

Margin on Acceptance-EBL

217,783,009

213,305,908

Margin on Acceptance (EBL) has converted in BDT at closing rate @ 92.50 per USD as on 30.06.2022 & as compare to BDT @ 83.95 per USD as on 30.06.2021 which has retained for settlement of back to back L/C in due date.

Margin Account with Eastern Bank Ltd.

\$ 2,354,410.91

\$ 2,540,868.47

18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

Cash in hand	20,000	20,000
Cash at banks :		
CD Account with SCB, Dhaka	188,337	190,324
CD Account with Mutual Trust Bank Ltd, Chandora	913,877	1,036,400
CD Account with Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd, Dhaka	2,057,315	5,593,501
CD Account with HSBC-Dividend, Dhaka	1,079,179	687,516
OD Account with Eastern Bank Ltd. Dhaka	-	126,619,174
CD Account with HSBC	-	530,619
Foreign Currency Account with Eastern Bank Ltd., Dhaka-USD	7,071,816	22,806,463
Foreign Currency Account with HSBC, Dhaka-USD	12,918	12,557
SND Account with SCB, Dhaka	733,237	733,812
SND Account with Eastern Bank Ltd., Principal Branch, Dhaka	14,399	17,458
SND Account with HSBC, Dhaka	917	1,262
	<u>12,071,995</u>	<u>158,229,084</u>
	12,091,995	158,249,084
	========	========

Foreign Currency Account balances in USD are given below which has converted in BDT at closing rate @ 92.50 per USD as on 30.06.2022 & as compare to BDT @ 83.95 per USD as on 30.06.2021:

Foreign Currency Account with Eastern Bank Ltd., Dhaka Foreign Currency Account with HSBC, Dhaka

<u>In USD</u>	
\$76,452.07	
\$139.65	

<u>In USD</u>
\$ 271,667.22
\$ 149.58

 Cash in hand was physically counted at the year-end by the management. All Bank balances were reconciled and confirmed by bank statements.

19. SHARE CAPITAL:

Authorized Capital:

30,000,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10/= each.

300,000,000

300,000,000

Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital:

8,400,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 10/= each fully paid

84,000,000

84,000,000

========

Allotment Date	Types of Issue	No. of Share	Face value of per share	Amount (BDT)	Basis of allotment
25 th November, 1990 (during the incorporation)	Ordinary	10,000	100	1,000,000	Cash (Banking Channel)
Allotment made during the financial year 1993-94	Ordinary	690,000	100	69,000,000	Cash (Banking Channel)
Bonus Share declaration on 22 nd January, 1997	Bonus	140,000	100	14,000,000	Bonus Share
Total		840,000	100	84,000,000	
Split the share on 13 th November, 2011	-	8,400,000	10	84,000,000	Per share 100 into 10

There was no preference share issued by the Company.

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Composition of Shareholdings as on 30.06.2022:		
Sponsors & Directors	52.98%	54.81%
Institutions	13.14%	24.92%
Foreign Shareholders	0.25%	0.38%
Public - Local	33.63%	19.89%
	100.00%	100.00%
	======	======

The Company had the following non-resident Shareholders on 30.06.2022:

<u>NAME</u>	FOLIO/BO NO.	NO. OF SHARE
Smith New Court Far East Ltd.	00011	600
-do-	03777	2,000
Hong Kong Bank Int'l Trustee Ltd.	04037	6,360
Somers Nominees (Far East) Ltd.	04038	10,800
Investors Bank & Trust Company	04065	200
UBS Securities (East Asia) Ltd.	04689	720
		20,680
		=====

Dividend is paid to non-resident shareholders through their local agents.

The distribution showing the number of shareholders and their shareholdings in percentages are as follows:

No. of Share Holders	<u>Range</u>	Total Holdings	<u>In %</u>
2,367	Less than & equal 500 Shares	373,974	4.45
869	501 to 5,000 Shares	1,434,777	17.08
60	5001 to 10,000 Shares	402,544	4.79
23	10,001 to 20,000 Shares	322,246	3.84
7	20,001 to 30,000 Shares	156,524	1.86
2	30,001 to 40,000 Shares	63,557	0.76
3	40,001 to 50,000 Shares	135,900	1.62
0	50,001 to 100,000 Shares	-	-
2	100,001 to 200,000 Shares	279,400	3.33
6	Over 200,000 Shares	5,231,078	62.27
3,339		8,400,000	100.00
=====		=======	=====

20. SHARE PREMIUM: 15,000,000 15,000,000 ==========

 This is as per last account and represents premium of Tk. 50/= per Share of 300,000 Ordinary Shares of Tk. 100 each.

21. RESERVE AND SURPLUS:

	274 770 494	250 506 746
Capital Gain	2,751,818	2,751,818
Retained Earnings	239,317,967	227,144,199
Reserve for Re-Investment	129,700,699	129,700,699

- Capital gain represents the difference between present market value and cost of 100.50 decimal of land transferred to Apex Yarn Dyeing Limited during the accounting year 2001-2002.
- Reserve for Re-Investment represents Tax Holiday Reserve made up to the Tax Holiday period of the Company. The reserve and surplus is utilized in the Company's business.

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
22. FAIR VALUATION SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) OF INVEST	MENT:	
Opening Balance	10,918,853	10,218,158
Adjustment for fair valuation surplus/(deficit) during the year	8,712,990	700,695
	19,631,843	10,918,853
	=======	=======

• Fair valuation surplus/ (deficit) of investments represents the difference of market value of the listed Company's share on the closing date and the last Balance Sheet price.

23. LONG TERM LOAN:

Long Term Loan- (EBL) –Stimulus Package	-	44,161,961
	-	44,161,961

Company has availed the above loan to meet up salary & wages expenses as per Government declaration of stimulus fund under BRPD Circular no. 07 dated 2^{nd} April 2020 and subsequent Circular in this regard. Repayment to be made in 20 monthly installments & bears charge @ 2.00% on of loan amount. During the period, we have already paid twelve installments out of 20 monthly installments.

24. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY/ASSETS:

a) Book Value of Depreciable Assets Tax Base of Depreciable Assets Net Taxable Temporary Difference Effective Tax Rate Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability arising from assets Opening Deferred Tax Balance Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	215,457,313 213,421,260 2,036,052 12.00% 244,326 605,661 361,335	197,030,645 <u>191,983,468</u> 5,047,177 <u>12.00%</u> 605,661 <u>1,146,806</u> <u>541,145</u>
b) Unrealized Bank Interest on FDRs Effective Tax Rate Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability Arising from Unrealized FDRs Interest	1,005,845 20.00% 201,169	685,338 <u>22.50%</u> 154,201
Opening Deferred Tax Balance Deferred Tax Income/(Expense) c) Unrealized Foreign Exchange gain/(Loss) Effective Tax Rate	154,201 (46,968) (32,357,289) 20.00%	358,618 204,417 3,944,370 <u>22.50%</u>
Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability Arising from Unrealized exchange gain/Loss Opening Deferred Tax Balance Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	(6,471,458) <u>887,483</u> <u>7,358,941</u>	887,483 (156,845) (1,044,328)
d) Cash Incentive Receivable Effective Tax Rate Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability Arising from Cash Incentive Receivable	27,753,100 10.00% 2,775,310	8,167,500 <u>10.00%</u> 816,750
Opening Deferred Tax Balance Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	816,750 (1,958,560)	<u>78,700</u> (738,050)
e) PF Lapse Receivable Effective Tax Rate	957,657 20.00%	2,268,546 22.50% & 20%
Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability Arising from PF lapse Receivable	191,531	488,992
Opening Deferred Tax Balance Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	488,992 297,461	<u>1,420,663</u> <u>931,671</u>
Deferred Tax Income/(Expense) a+b+c+d+e	<u>6,012,209</u>	<u>(105,145)</u>

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
f) Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liability Arising from Other Comprehensive Income:	<u></u>	
Gains on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	-	-
Tax for (Losses)/gains on available for sale investments @ 10%	2,181,316	1,213,206
Revaluation of property	-	-
Foreign exchange gain for foreign operation	<u>-</u> _	
Closing Deferred tax (Assets)/Liability arising from Fair		
Valuation Surplus of investment	2,181,316	1,213,206
Opening Deferred Tax Balance	<u>1,213,206</u>	<u>1,135,351</u>
Deferred Tax Income/(Expense)	<u>968,110</u>	<u>77,855</u>
Deferred Tax Liability/(Assets) (a+b+c+d+e+f)	(877,805)	4,166,293
	=======	=======
25. WORKING CAPITAL LOAN:		
Overdraft-Eastern Bank Ltd, Principal Br. Dhaka	33,754,104	_
Overdraft-HSBC, Dhaka	13,355,317	-
	47 400 424	
	47,109,421	-
	=======	=======

• The Working Capital Loan facility with Eastern Bank Ltd, Principal Branch, Dhaka for BDT 8.00 Crore and HSBC for BDT 3.00 Crore against hypothecation as Cash Credit basis for one year. The loan is secured against Inventories and Trade Receivables of the Company. The loan bears interest @ 8.50% p.a from July 2022 before which interest was @ 8.00% pa with EBL & existing rate of interest @ 7.75% pa with HSBC.

26. LONG TERM LOAN-CURRENT MATURITY:

	=======	=======
	52,340,102	73,963,783
Long Term Loan- (EBL) –Stimulus Package	52,340,102	73,963,783

• This represents the part of stimulus package loan which will pay in next 12 months.

27. LEASE LIABILITY:

Opening Balance	2,906,108	7 400 405
Add: Addition during the year	-	7,123,135
Add: Interest charged for the period	65,547	452,718
Less: Lease payment during the Year	(2,971,655)	(4,669,744)
	-	2,906,108
	=======	=======

 This represents the application of IFRS 16 as current lease agreement has been expired on 31st December, 2021 and accordingly, the full amount of lease obligation is a part of current portion. However, we have calculated the lease liability excluding non-refundable VAT.

28. SHORT TERM LOAN:

	=======	=======
	15,548,156	49,575,624
Import Loan- Eastern Bank Limited	-	34,083,232
Time Loan-Eastern Bank Limited	15,548,156	15,492,392

- Time loan from Eastern Bank Limited represents the amount payable to them against import of machinery and spare parts and will be settled within next twelve months. Now, the loan bears interest @ 8.50% p.a at EBL & 7.75% p.a at HSBC.
- Import loan from Eastern Bank Limited represents the amount payable to them against import of dyes, chemicals and accessories as part of continuous process.

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
29. TRADE PAYABLES:	795,785,360	793,081,920

This represents local procurement and import of Raw Materials (Yarn, Dyes & Chemicals) under Back-to-Back L/C on 30 to 120 days deferred payment and Sight L/C, which has been subsequently adjusted and moves in cycle in this trade.

30. OTHER PAYABLES:

	15,798,757	14,000,804
	140,332	195,448
	12,514,463	10,801,437
	43,027	45,619
		55,732,504
	•	402,500
30.a	The state of the s	30,073,700
		2,429,230 1,308,183
		674,989
	-	2,137,733
	99,230	76,147
	144,057,767	117,878,293
	=======	=======
	30,073,700	23,248,208
	32,284,303	30,073,700
	•	53,321,909
	-	23,248,208
	• •	30,073,700
	=======	=======
T:		
	0.492.756	0 202 000
		9,303,988 <u>12,600,000</u>
		21,903,988
	25,204,526	12,420,232
	1,079,230	9,483,756
	=======	=======
	30.a T:	140,332 12,514,463 43,027 46,908,125 402,500 30.a 62,358,003 2,393,387 1,291,818 338,824 1,769,301 99,230 144,057,767 ======= 30,073,700 32,284,303 62,358,003 ======== T: 9,483,756 16,800,000 26,283,756 25,204,526 1,079,230

Year wise breakup of Unclaimed Dividend Account is follows:

<u>Year</u>	2021-2022 <u>Taka</u>	2020-2021 <u>Taka</u>
1994-1995 to 2016-2017	-	7,584,652
2017-2018	-	1,179,067
2018-2019	425,947	436,143
2019-2020	265,553	283,894
2020-2021	<u>387,730</u>	
Unclaimed Dividend 2018-2019 to 2020-2021	<u>1,079,230</u>	<u>9,483,756</u>

- Unclaimed dividend represents the dividend warrants issued but not presented to the Bank by the Shareholders within 30th June 2022 and the balance of unclaimed dividend was Tk. 1,079,230.45 as on September 30, 2022.
- According to the Directive of Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) dated 14th January, 2021 para 3 (vii) regarding the details information of unpaid or unclaimed dividend shall report in the statement of financial position as separate line item, so we have reported in the statement of financial position as a separate line item "Unclaimed Dividend Account".
- According to the Directive of Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) dated 14th January, 2021 para 3 (vii) & Capital Market Stabilization Fund Rules, 2021 regarding the transfer of unclaimed dividend by retaining last three years. In this respect, we have transferred /deposited on 23rd May, 2022 the unclaimed dividend amount Tk 1,175,054.30 for the period of 2017-2018 to the "Capital Market Stabilization Fund" vide Cheque # 0148386, dated 21st May, 2022 drawn on HSBC. 2021-2022 2020-2021

32. REVENUE:

	Quantity in Doz.	USD	Taka	Taka
T, Polo & Sweat Shirts	27,11,675	51,842,629	4,560,329,755	4,007,756,310
	=======	=======		

Country wise break up of export for the period from July 2021 to June 2022:

Country whoe break ap	or expert for the peri-	_
<u>Country</u>	Quantity in Doz	<u>USD</u>
AUSTRALIA	26,027	477,536
BELGIUM	98,894	1,872,860
CANADA	32,213	595,979
CHILE	36,220	658,830
CHINA	29,967	656,898
COLUMBIA	12,279	227,961
CROATIA	13,184	245,555
DENMARK	34,989	662,991
ECUADOR	637	12,200
GERMANY	261,293	4,947,360
HONG KONG	3,933	76,600
INDIA	22,633	417,595
INDONESIA	11,107	204,540
ITALY	141,097	2,686,949
JAPAN	41,256	884,395
KOREA	12,954	273,255
MALAYSIA	17,330	321,713
MEXICO	57,983	1,062,486
NETHERLANDS	92,089	1,779,002
NEW ZEALAND	3,445	57,938
NORWAY	8,849	164,170
PANAMA	1,174	21,472
PERU	13,875	241,886

APEX SPINNING & KNITTING M	ILLS LIMITE	ED .		Annual R	Report 2021-2022
PHILIPPINES	6,989		6,146		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
POLAND	707,606	13,57	7,164		
RUSSIA	73,961	1,36	8,342		
SAUDI ARABIA	467		8,742		
SERBIA	6,743	12	6,259		
SOUTH AFRICA	9,380	16	1,368		
SPAIN	156,069	2,97	9,074		
SWEDEN	162,773	3,20	2,007		
SWITZERLAND	35,475	68	4,672		
TAIWAN	7,622	15	5,098		
THAILAND	6,165	10	9,281		
TURKEY	37,234	69	2,627		
UAE	36,894	68	7,942		
UK	179,181	3,43	2,940		
URUGUAY	4,935	8	8,677		
USA	305,487	58,7	0,362		
VIETNAM	1,266	21	L,757		
Total 2	711,675	51,84	12,629		
33. COST OF GOODS SOLD:	Qu	antity	Notes	<u>2021-2022</u>	<u>2020-2021</u>
Opening Stock of Finished Goods		973 Doz		46,370,810	37,472,460
Add: Cost of Production	•	253 Doz	34	4,290,802,878	
		226 Doz		4,337,173,688	
Less: Closing Stock of Finished Goods	27,	551 Doz		48,386,256	46,370,810
	2,711,67			4,288,787,432	
34. COST OF PRODUCTION:	=====			========	========
OPENING STOCK: Raw Materials:	C	Quantity			
Yarn		,920 Kg		09,775,571	78,587,832
Dyes & Chemicals	214	,445 Kg		49,262,635	48,656,375
Work in Process:			1	59,038,206	127,244,207
Dyed, Knitted & Greige Fabric & Ga (11,06,163 Mtre,63,508 Kg & Garments 51,2)	rments 80 Doz)		1	19,279,483	134,841,601
Accessories				13,778,751	32,549,470
				92,096,440	294,635,278
ADD: PURCHASE FOR THE YEAR			•	91,019,526	2,215,300,112
1 500 OL CONIC CTOOK			2,9	83,115,966	2,509,935,390
LESS: CLOSING STOCK Raw Materials:					
Yarn	400	₁₇₆ Kg	-	77,492,235	109,775,571
Dyes & Chemicals		Ka		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · ·
byes a offermedis	75,2	288		31,169,492	49,262,635
Work in Descent			10	08,661,727	159,038,206
Work in Process: Dyed, Knitted, Greige Fabric &					
Garmnets (966,827 mitres, 25,379) ka &		16	88,188,312	119,279,483
Garments 43,432 Doz)	y ~				
Accessories			3	33,912,855	13,778,751
				10,762,894	292,096,440
				. ,	

2,672,353,072

2,217,838,950

Raw Materials Consumed

	2021-2022	2020-2021
Factory Overhead:		
Carriage inward	11,255,566	8,667,192
Electricity	3,100,308	1,211,235
Gas, Fuel & Lubricant	131,772,483	114,219,272
Insurance Premium	3,974,956	4,160,256
Repairs & Maintenance	64,170,894	65,647,030
Telephone Charges	82,417	73,868
Wages, Salaries & Allowance	1,337,426,929	1,267,448,864
Bank Charges & Commission	10,856,293	15,377,055
Depreciation	29,335,095	32,123,843
Fire Fighting Exp.	127,955	7,500
Travelling & Conveyance	7,154,994	7,663,834
Testing Bill	14,214,988	18,367,144
Uniform & Liveries	915.622	690.969
Chemical for Effluent Treatment Plant	2,117,420	1,048,829
Entertainment	1,192,887	1,357,072
UD & UP Expenses	751,000	737,566
	4,290,802,878	3,756,640,479
During the year 2021-2022 the Company has imported	d goods on C & F basis	

- During the year 2021-2022 the Company has imported goods on C & F basis.
- Cash incentive has been adjusted with the local yarn cost.

35. OTHER OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS):

Foreign	Exchange	Gain/(Loss):
---------	----------	--------	------	----

Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) from Operations	797,828	(4,075)
Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss) from Translations	(32,357,289)	3,944,370
	(31,559,461)	3,940,295
	========	=========
ADMINISTRATIVE & SELLING OVERHEAD):		
GM Expenses	-	5,05
udit Fee (Including VAT)	402 500	402.50

36. ADMINISTRATIVE & SELLING OVERHEAD):		
AGM Expenses	-	5,050
Audit Fee (Including VAT)	402,500	402,500
Bank Charges & Commission	9,319,489	6,986,788
Board Meeting Fees	34,650	22,000
Depreciation on tangible Assets	2,126,540	1,298,076
Depreciation on Right-of-use (ROU) Asset	2,374,378	4,748,757
Director's Remuneration	3,600,000	3,600,000
Entertainment	486,406	615,544
Export Processing & Handling Expenses	4,549,180	4,115,930
Clearing & Forwarding Expenses	28,170,262	35,502,276
Insurance Premium	1,083,210	1,715,297
Legal & Professional Fees	330,176	593,616
Medical Expenses	171,579	64,419
Newspapers & Periodicals	12,409	6,158
Postage & Stamp	50,347	47,301
Power & Fuel	768,007	756,397
Printing Expenses	3,211,737	3,504,860
Stationery Expenses	4,358,015	3,386,689
Publicity & Advertisement	470,553	271,623
Renewal & Fees	8,948,718	8,225,736
Vat On Office Rent	370,314	740,628
Repairs & Maintenance	5,454,715	8,082,752
Salaries & Allowances	74,889,237	66,467,609
Sales Promotional Expenses	7,388,090	5,688,909
Subscription & Donation	50,500	514,000
Travelling & Conveyance	4,542,443	4,249,756
Telephone, Fax and Radio Link	1,651,035	714,816
Transportation Expenses	8,684,311	9,472,970

	========	========
	3,600,000	3,600,000
c. Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	600,000	600,000
	1,200,000	1,200,000
	, ,	1,800,000
D: ()D () () () () () () ()	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	Directors' Remuneration paid to following Directors for a. Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD b. Mr. Shahriar Ahmed c. Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader	Directors' Remuneration paid to following Directors for their full time service: a. Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD 1,800,000 b. Mr. Shahriar Ahmed 1,200,000 c. Mr. Kazi Faruq Kader 600,000

- Audit Fee is fixed by the Shareholders in the Annual General Meeting and does not include any other remuneration to Auditors.
- Sales promotional expenses include cost of samples and courier cost for distribution of free samples to the buyers.
- There are 11 (eleven) board meetings held during the period.

37. FINANCE & OTHER INCOME:		
Interest earned on SND Account	355	4,742
Dividend Income	1,766,453	1,110,647
Interest on FDRs	2,625,185	3,611,659
Other Income from PF Lapse (Employer Portion)	100,440	87,536
Profit on Sale of Assets	-	904,192
Sale of wastage goods/Items	1,624,779	-
	6,117,211	5,718,775
	=======	=======
38. FINANCIAL EXPENSES:		
Interest on Stimulus Term Loan	1,179,120	1,459,706
Interest on Time Loan	1,634,664	1,493,476
Supplier Finance Program Charges (SFP)	12,923,783	7,575,144
Interest on Overdraft	178,122	176,468
Interest expenses on leases liability	65,547	452,718
Financial Charges (FC)	7,300	30,728,322
	15,988,535	41,885,834
OO TAY EVERNOES	=======	=======
39. TAX EXPENSES:		00 070 700
Current Tax (Note - 39.a)	32,284,303	30,073,700
Deferred Tax Expenses/(Income)-(Note 39.b)	(6,012,209)	105,145
	26,272,094	30,178,846
	=======	=======

39.a CURRENT TAX:

Current tax consists of tax provision made on business income means higher of below a,b,c ie Tax on operating profit basis, Minimum Tax U/S -82c(2) & Minimum Tax U/S -82c(4) and realized amount of finance & other income for the period from 1st July 2021 to 30th June 2022. Details as follows:

Calculation of Current tax: a) Tax on operating profit basis		2021-2022	2020-2021
Profit before tax		55,245,862	54,815,146
Other Operating Income/(Loss)		31,559,461	(3,940,295)
Finance & Other Income		(<u>6,117,211)</u>	<u>(5,718,775</u>)
Net Operating Profit/(Loss)		<u>80,688,112</u>	<u>45,156,076</u>
Tax on Operating Profit 12%		<u>9,682,573</u>	<u>5,418,729</u>
b) Minimum Tax U/S -82c(2)			
TDS on export proceeds		<u>22,781,261</u>	<u>19,530,243</u>
c) Minimum Tax U/S -82c(4)	%		
Realized from turnover =(0.60%/20.00%*12%)	0.36	16,294,205	12,621,940
Realized from other operating Income	0.60	4,787	(24)
Realized from Cash Incentive	0.60	475,317	496,820
Realized from Dividend Income	0.60	10,599	6,664
Realized from finance & Other Income	0.60	<u>32,047</u> 16,816,955	<u>49,026</u> 13,174,425
So, Current tax			
Business Tax –Higher of above a,b & c		22,781,261	19,530,243
Tax on cash Incentive		7,921,958	8,280,327
Tax on Dividend Income		353,291	222,129
Tax on Finance Income (Realized)		461,007	982,245
Realized from Other Income -profit from sa		-	203,443
Realized from Other Income -Sale of wastage	324,956	- (047)	
Tax on other operating Income (Realized) Realized from Other Income-PF Lapse realized		159,566 282,266	(917) <u>856,230</u>
Nealized Holli Other Hicome-FF Lapse lea	alizeu	<u>262,266</u> <u>32,284,303</u>	<u>30,073,700</u>
Effective tax rate= (Tax expenses/Profi	it before tax)	47.55%	55.06%

• Since the source tax deducted under Income Tax Ordinance 1984 for Tk. 22,781,261/- is higher than tax on operating profit basis Tk. 9,682,573/- and minimum tax on gross receipts Tk. 16,816,955/-, so higher is provided as current tax liability from business for the period ended June 30, 2022.

39.b DEFERRED TAX EXPENSES/(INCOME):

	=======	
	(6,012,209)	105,145
Deferred Tax Exp./(Income) on PF Lapse Receivable	(297,461)	(931,671)
Deferred Tax Exp./(Income) on Cash Incentive Receivable	1,958,560	738,050
Deferred Tax Exp./(Income) on Unrealized Foreign Exch. Gain/(Loss)	(7,358,941)	1,044,328
Deferred Tax Exp./(Income) on Interest Receivable	46,968	(204,417)
Deferred Tax Exp./(Income) on Depreciable Assets	(361,335)	(541,145)

The provision for deferred tax (expense)/income is made to pay/adjust future income tax liability/asset due to accumulated temporary differences of interest income receivable, PF Lapse receivable, Foreign exchange translation gain /(loss), cash incentive receivable & WDV of fixed assets. (Please see the details in note # 24 for total deferred tax income/(expense) from above mentioned temporary differences).

2021-2022 2020-2021

40. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT:

As per Financial Reporting Council (FRC) notification no. 179/FRC/FRN/notification/2020/2 dated 7th July 2020 regarding lapse amount of employer's subscription to provident fund have to return to the company's annual financial statements from 2015 & have to be shown as other income of the company accordingly. As Such, lapse amount for the year 2021-2022 has been recorded as income for the year 2021-2022 and lapse amount of 2016-2017 has been restated the Financial Position as on 30.06.2020 as prior period income as per our PF policy.

41. DISCLOSURE ON RESTATEMENT:

Total PF lapse receivable Tk. 957,657/- has been accounted for during the period. According to para 43 of IAS 8, opening balance of PF lapse receivables (note 15), Deferred Tax Liabilities (note 24e) and Retained Earnings as on July 01, 2020 has been restated. Upon such restatement amount of Tk. 857,217/- has been recognized in the opening PF lapse receivables and tax at 20.00 percent of such forfeited amount of Tk. 171,443/- has been accounted for in the opening balance of deferred tax liabilities as at July 01, 2020. Accordingly, the amount of Tk. 685,774/- has been transferred to retained earnings.

The effect due to this restatement in opening balance of comparative financial statements is material, third statement of financial position has been disclosed according to Para 40A of IAS 1.

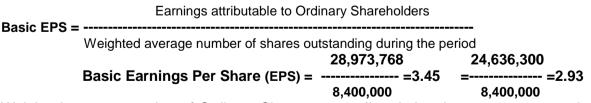
Head of Account	Note	2020-21	2020-21 (Restated)	Restated by amounts of items
Other Receivable	16	11,072,397	11,929,614	857,217
Reserve & Surplus	21	358,910,943	359,596,717	685,774
Deferred Tax Liability	24e	3,994,850	4,166,293	171,443

42. WORKERS PROFIT PARTICIPATION FUND (WPPF):

Workers Profit Participation Fund	1,366,876	1,171,814

We are 100% export oriented Ready Made Garment Industry, and as per Bangladesh Labor Rule 2015, Chapter XV, section 212-226 provided the rules regarding formation of Central Fund and also provision made in rule 214(1) (Ka) for realization of 0.03% from every letter of credit / work order of 100% export oriented industries and the company is making payment accordingly through bank to the said Central Fund for participation of workers in the profit of company. Therefore, the company is performing its lawful duty regarding profit participatory fund and there is no further requirement to maintain the fund separately as required under section 234 of the labor Act 2006.

43. BASIC EARNING PER SHARE (EPS) - DISCLOSURE UNDER IAS 33 "EARNINGS PER SHARE":



- Weighted average number of Ordinary Shares outstanding during the year represents the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year plus the number of shares issued during the year multiplied by a time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days the specific number of shares are outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the period.
- The increase in EPS (i.e. up to 3rd Quarter, EPS from operational activities was Tk. 2.68 but annually it has been Tk. 3.45) is mainly for regular increase of turnover in 4th quarter of 2021-2022.

2021-2022 2020-2021

44. NET ASSETS VALUE (NAV) PER SHARE:

Net Assets (Total Assets-Total Liabilities)

NAV Per Share = -----

Number of ordinary shares outstanding

469,515,570

Restated NAVPS = ----- = 55.89 8.400,000

45. NET OPERATING CASH FLOWS PER SHARE (NOCFPS):

Net Operating Cash Flows

NOCFPS = ------Number of ordinary shares outstanding

NOCF Per Share (NOCFPS) = 1,594,267 221,977,483 -----= 0.19 = -----= = 26.43 8,400,000 8,400,000

• There was significant variance in net operating cash flows as compared to the last year. The Net Operating Cash Flow per Share is Tk. 0.19 but it was Tk. 26.43 in 2020-2021 which is mainly for more payment of costs & expenses during the year 2021-2022 as compared to last year. This scenario is changeable time to time depending on different issues.

46. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD:

a) Proposed Dividend:

The Board of Directors has recommended cash Dividend of Tk. 2.00/- per Share for the year 2021-2022 at the Board Meeting held on 16 October, 2022. The total amount of Dividend is Tk. 16,800,000/-

b) Machinery Import:

Company has imported 10 pcs circular knitting machines from Mayer & Cie, Germany to expand its production capacity for which a meeting of Board of Directors of the company was held on 27th July, 2022 & also published in two daily newspapers on 28th July, 2022 as Price Sensitive Information (PSI).

d) Other Significant Events:

There is no other significant event that has occurred between the Statement of Financial Position date and the date when the financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company.

47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

a)Apex Spinning & Knitting Mills Limited has few transactions with Matex Bangladesh Limited, Apex Yarn Dyeing Limited, Apex Lingerie limited, Apex Fashion Wear Limited and Apex Textile Printing Mills Limited with common director. These transactions are considered as related party transactions as per IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures". The transactions are occurred during the period with an arm's length price as per normal business policy for buying & selling of dyes & chemical and yarn dyeing. The details are given below:

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Name of the Parties	Relationship	Nature of Transactions	Opening Balance	Purchase during the Year	Paid during the Year	Closing Balance
i. Matex Bangladesh Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	6,145,715	229,329,224	230,220,545	5,254,394
ii. Apex Yarn Dyeing Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	4,921,829	43,287,446	41,268,330	6,940,945
iii. Apex Lingerie Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	10,700,900	10,700,900	-
iv. Apex Fashion Wear Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	234,630	-	234,630	1
v. Apex Textile Printing Mills Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	13,182,000	114,068,036	99,667,536	27,582,500

2020-2021

Name of the Parties	Relationship	Nature of	Opening	Purchase	Paid	Closing
		Transactions	Balance	during the	during	Balance
				Year	the Year	
i. Matex Bangladesh Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	1	201,340,663	195,194,948	6,145,715
ii. Apex Yarn Dyeing Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	1	54,027,550	49,105,721	4,921,829
iii. Apex Lingerie Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	1	30,470,970	30,470,970	ı
iv. Apex Fashion Wear	Common Director	Revenue	-	8,800,705	8,566,075	234,630
Ltd.						
v. Apex Textile Printing Mills Ltd.	Common Director	Revenue	-	90,791,177	77,609,177	13,182,000

b) Transaction with key management personnel:

2021-2022

Name	Relationshi	Nature	Transaction	Opening Balance	Transaction during the	Closing Balance
	Р				period	
1. Mr. Zahur Ahmed PhD	Director	Revenue	Office	-	-	-
2. Mrs. Shawkat Ara Ahmed	Shareholder	Expenditure	Rent			
3. Mr. Shahriar Ahmed	Director					
4. Mr. Mahir Ahmed	Director					
5. Mr. Eifaz Ahmed	Director					

The Directors & Shareholders have provided a rent-free office space for business transaction for the company as per agreement. However, the total rental spaces as mentioned in the agreement is approximately 79,444.10 sft for 11 sister concerns of the Directors of the company which is located at Shanta Sky Mark (Level 8 to 13), Plot # 18, Block # CWS(a), Gulshan Avenue, Gulshan, Dhaka-1212. Therefore, the value of the related party transaction is nil.

48. KEY MANAGEMENT BENEFITS:

Refer to Note # 36, we have provided Directors' Remuneration, Board Meeting Fees and Salaries and Allowances.

The Company is paying Remuneration to the 03 (three) Directors who are rendering full time service to the Company and in addition to that there is nothing paid to them.

The company operates a contributory provident fund which is administrates by the Board of Trustee. The company pays its monthly contribution to the Provident Fund Trust and the company has no further liability. The company also has a Group Insurance Scheme. Group Insurance premium is paid to insurance company once in a year and if there is any claim that will be entertained by the insurance company. In addition to the above there is nothing paid to the key management except salary & allowance.

2021-2022 2020-2021

49. GENERAL:

a) Production Capacity (Quantity in pieces):

 %
 Quantity(21-22)
 %
 Quantity (20-21)

 Capacity
 100
 38,400,000
 100
 38,400,000

 Production
 84.54
 32,463,036
 89.27
 34,280,088

 The increase of production during the period due to more export as compared to last year.

b) Production (Quantity in Dozen):

T. Polo & Sweat Shirts

c) Export (Quantity in Dozen):	<u>2,705,253</u>	<u>2,856,674</u>
T, Polo & Sweat Shirts	<u>2,711,675</u>	<u>2,853,197</u>

d) Salaries & Wages:

	No. of Employees	<u>laka</u>
Above Tk. 8,000.00 per month (Local)	5,434	1,410,409,388
Below Tk. 8,000.00 per month (Local)		-
Expatriate	1	1,906,778

50. PAYMENTS / PERQUISITES TO DIRECTORS/OFFICERS (KEY MANAGEMENT):

The aggregate amounts paid / provided during the year in respect of Directors and Officers of the Company as defined in the Securities and Exchange Commission Rules, 1987, are disclosed below:

	<u>Directors</u>	<u>Officers</u>
Board Meeting Fees	34,650	-
Salaries and Allowance	3,600,000	145,383,703
Provident Fund Contribution	-	4,976,271
Bonus	-	35,825,093
Perquisites	-	96,922,412

51. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENT:

- There was no capital expenditure contracted or incurred or provided for as at 30th June 2022.
- There was no material capital expenditure authorized by the Board or contracted for as at 30th June 2022.

52. CONTINGENT LIABILITY:

There is Tk. 17.07 million as Bank guarantee to "Titas Gas Transmission & Distribution Company Ltd"
 & Reliance Insurance Com. Ltd for which the Company is contingently liable as on 30th June 2022.

53. DURING THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW:

- No amount of money was spent by the Company for compensating any member of the Board for special service rendered except as stated above.
- There was no claim against the Company not acknowledged as debt on 30th June 2022.
- There was no Bank Guarantee issued by the Company on behalf of the Directors.
- There was no credit facility available to the Company under any contract, or availed of as on 30th June 2022 other than trade credit available in the ordinary course of business.
- There were no expenses incurred in foreign exchange on account of Royalty, Technical Experts, Professional & Advisory Fee, Interest, and Brokerage & Commission etc.
- There was no expense on account of Miscellaneous/General Expenses.

Sd/ Zahur Ahmed PhD Managing Director Sd/ Shahriar Ahmed Director Sd/ Kamruzzaman FCA Chief Financial Officer

Annexure-2

Reconciliation of Net Profit with Cash Flows from Operating Activities:

Reconciliation of net income or net profit with cash flows from operating activities making adjustment for non-cash items, for non-operating items and for the net changes in operating accruals has been disclosed as per BSEC notification BSEC/ CMRRCD/2006-158/208/Admin/81 dated 20 June, 2018.

	2021-2022	<u>2020-2021</u>		
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		·		
Net Profit After Tax	28,973,768	24,636,300		
Less: Depreciation & Amortization During the Year	33,836,013	38,170,676		
Less: Effect of Foreign Exchange Translation Gain/(Loss)	(1,146,444)	51,217		
Less: Finance Income Adjustment	(4,391,637)	, ,		
Add: Interest & Other Financial Charges Paid	15,988,535	41,885,834		
Add: Tax Expenses	26,272,094	30,178,846		
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	(20,681,900)	(6,359,512)		
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivable	(15,956,814)	(63,990,302)		
(Increase)/Decrease in Advance Deposit & Prepayments	4,780,886	(125,079)		
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Receivable	(17,912,537)	(4,470,799)		
Income Tax Paid During the Year	(40,289,206)	(32,625,469)		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables	(1,773,661)			
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Payables	(6,104,829)	(28,367,322)		
NET CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,594,267	221,977,483		
	=======	=======		
RECONCILIATION				
NET CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES-INDIRECT METHOD NET CASH GENERATED FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES-DIRECT METHOD	1,594,267 1,594,267	221,977,483 221,977,483		
Differences	0.00	0.00		
	=======	=======		

Annexure-1

PARTICULAR	Land & Land Development	Factory Building	Civil Construction	Plant & Machinery	Effluent Treatment Plant	Gas Installation	Electric Installation	Boiler	Generator	Water Treatment Plant	Factory Equipments	Other Equipments	Deep Tube- Well & Tanks	Motor Vehicles	Furniture & Fixtures	Laboratory Equipments	Office Equipments	Motor Cycles	Total
Cost:																			
Balance as																			
01.07.2020	21,423,102	260,350,116	58,594,367	675,000,605	71,210,757	23449836	11,024,833	13,367,693	144,740,274	8,473,013	25,648,502	8,398,396	13,673,520	8,511,244	31,552,827	576,027	14,407,454	40,625	1,390,443,190
Additional During the																			
year	-	-	6,213,230	3,510,475	480,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,682,525	-	-	-	470,184	1	37,000	-	14,393,414
Disposal during the																			
year	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,492,032)	-	1	-	-	(2,492,032)
Balance as on																			
30.06.2021	21,423,102	260,350,116	64,807,597	678,511,080	71,690,757	23,449,836	11,024,833	13,367,693	144,740,274	8,473,013	29,331,027	8,398,396	13,673,520	6,019,212	32,023,011	576,027	14,444,454	40,625	1,402,344,572
Balance as																			
on 01.07.2021	21,423,102	260.350.116	64.807.597	678.511.080	71,690,757	23.449.836	11.024.833	13.367.693	144.740.274	8.473.013	29.331.027	8.398.396	13.673.520	6,019,212	32.023.011	576.027	14.444.454	40.625	1,402,344,572
Additional	21,420,102	200,000,110	04,007,007	070,011,000	11,000,101	20,110,000	11,021,000	10,001,000	111,110,211	0,110,010	20,001,021	0,000,000	10,010,020	0,010,212	02,020,011	010,021	11,111,101	10,020	1,102,011,012
During the year	_	_	175,100	15,032,445	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	-	12,575,777	_	580,000	_	20,706,631	468,000	350.350	_	49,888,303
Disposal			,	10,002,110							,,		000,000			,	550,000		10,000,000
during the year	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Balance as																			
on 30.06.2022	21,423,102	260,350,116	64,982,697	693,543,525	71,690,757	23,449,836	11,024,833	13,367,693	144,740,274	8,473,013	41,906,804	8,398,396	14,253,520	6,019,212	52,729,642	1,044,027	14,794,804	40,625	1,452,232,876
	, ,	, ,								•								•	
<u>Accumulated</u>																			
Depreciation: Balance as																			
on 01.07.2020		237.198.888	42.565.109	625.570.812	54,489,610	13,760,644	9,961,890	12,516,069	96,556,000	7,556,232	14,937,347	6,808,771	9,143,970	8,288,496	21,410,939	562,498	12,920,548	40,410	1,174,288,232
Additional	-	237,190,000	42,363,109	625,570,612	34,409,010	13,700,044	3,301,030	12,510,009	30,330,000	7,550,252	14,957,547	0,000,771	3,143,370	0,200,430	21,410,939	302,430	12,920,040	40,410	1,174,200,232
During the vear	_	4.630.246	1.709.925	10,385,249	3,416,229	1,453,379	159,441	127,744	7,227,641	183,356	1,910,727	238,444	679,432	38,914	1,035,158	2.029	223,961	43	33,421,919
Disposal		4,000,240	1,700,020	10,000,240	0,110,220	1,100,010	100,111	127,711	1,221,011	100,000	1,010,121	200,111	070,102	00,011	1,000,100	2,020	220,001	10	00,421,010
during the year														(2,396,224)					(2,396,224)
Balance as														(2,000,22.)					(2,000,22.)
on 30.06.2021	_	241.829.133	44,275,034	635.956.062	57.905.840	15,214,023	10,121,332	12,643,813	103,783,641	7,739,588	16,848,074	7,047,214	9,823,403	5.931.186	22.446.098	564.527	13.144.509	40.453	1,205,313,928
00.00.2021	1		,,	1 000,000,002	1 01,000,010	,,	1 .0,,	1_,0.0,0.0	100,100,01	1,1.00,000	10,010,011	1,0,=	, 0,020,100	0,001,100	,,,,,,,	00.,02.	10,111,000	.0,.00	.,
Balance as				l	I		I	I					Ī	I			1	1	
on		044 000 455	44.075.05		57,005,040	45.044.000	40 404 000	40.040.040	400 700 044	7 700 500	40.040.074	7.047.04.4	0.000.400	5 004 400	00 440 000	504 507	40 444 500	40.450	4 005 040 000
01.07.2021 Additional	-	241,829,133	44,275,034	635,956,062	57,905,840	15,214,023	10,121,332	12,643,813	103,783,641	7,739,588	16,848,074	7,047,214	9,823,403	5,931,186	22,446,098	564,527	13,144,509	40,453	1,205,313,928
During the		0.704.400	0.000.000	0.050.005	2.756.002	1 00F 070	125 525	100 500	6 1 40 405	146 695	2 949 022	202 677	617.540	17.005	1 070 000	12 425	225 040	24	21 461 625
year Disposal	-	3,704,196	2,062,628	9,359,985	2,756,983	1,235,372	135,525	108,582	6,143,495	146,685	2,848,023	202,677	617,518	17,605	1,872,982	13,425	235,919	34	31,461,635
during the																			
year Balance as	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
on		245 522 220	46 227 662	C4E 24C 04C	60 663 933	16 440 205	10 256 957	12 752 205	100 027 126	7 006 272	10 606 007	7 240 902	10 440 020	E 0.49 704	24 240 070	577,952	12 200 420	40 407	1 226 775 562
30.06.2022	-	245,533,330	46,337,662	645,316,046	60,662,823	16,449,395	10,256,857	12,752,395	109,927,136	7,886,273	19,696,097	7,249,892	10,440,920	5,948,791	24,319,079	511,952	13,380,428	40,487	1,236,775,563
Carrying																			
Amount: As on																	1		
30.06.2021	21,423,102	18,520,982	20,532,563	42,555,018	13,784,917	8,235,813	903,501	723,880	40,956,633	733,425	12,482,953	1,351,182	3,850,117	88,026	9,576,913	11,500	1,299,945	172	197,030,645
As on 30.06.2022	21,423,102	14,816,786	18,645,035	48,227,479	11,027,934	7,000,441	767,976	615,298	34,813,138	586,740	22,210,707	1,148,504	3,812,600	70,421	28,410,563	466,075	1,414,376	138	215,457,313